The Daily Sentinel.

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The Daily Sentinel.

WM. E. PELL, PROPRIETOR.

The Great Convention—The Nominations.

The New York correspondent of the National *Intelligencer* furnishes the following graphic sketch of the proceedings immediately attending the nominations by the great National Democratic Convention:

"Soon after the opening of the session Mr. Brodhead, of Missouri, placed in nomination for the Presidency General Frank P. Blair, Jr., of Missouri. Then a delegate from California nominated Justice Stephen Field, of California.

At this moment Mr. Vallandigham, of Ohio, came forward and stated that he had been authorized and requested to lay before the Convention a telegraphic dispatch from George H. Pendleton to his friend Washington McLean, who is in this Convention.

The dispatch was read. It is eloquent and feeling; acknowledgment of the compliment paid to Mr. Pendleton already by the action of the Convention, but advises Mr. McLean to have his [Pendleton's] name withdrawn whenever it should be considered by his friends that any other candidate can command even one more electoral vote, and pledging himself to his utmost exertions in behalf of the nominee of this Convention, whoever he may be. It was a noble, patriotic, and frank admission of his position, and was received with enthusiastic cheering. The name of Mr. Pendleton was withdrawn, and the Convention proceeded to the nineteenth ballot. The States voted pretty much as they had done upon the previous ballot, until when Ohio was called. All eyes and ears were strained to hear the response. The vote was given to Asa Packer, of Pennsylvania. There was a murmur of deep disappointment throughout the hall. This was simply trifling.—Packer had been tried by his own State and abandoned. It was too plainly evident that Ohio was playing a game. Immediately all interest was concentrated upon Pennsylvania, and when her vote was again given clear and full for Hancock, the whole building shook with the cheers of the assembled multitude. There were few changes of importance on this ballot, and the Convention proceeded to the twentieth ballot. The period was exciting. There were some few inconsiderable changes by which Hancock's vote was diminished slightly, and Hendricks' vote increased, until these two candidates were very near together. Ohio, however, this time gave eleven votes for Hancock, and ten for English, of Connecticut. This kept Hancock still considerably ahead. Massachusetts retired to consult, but on her return gave eleven of her twelve votes to Hancock. The excitement was rapidly attaining fever heat. But the twenty first ballot was called. There were few changes. Hancock held his own, and ... Ohio, however, gave eleven votes for Salmon P. Chase. This produced vociferous and prolonged cheering in the galleries, which seemed to overflow with delight whenever any Western candidate was brought into the list.

Then came the twenty-second and the last ballot. A feeling pervaded the whole assembly that something would break now. New York, Ohio, and Pennsylvania were closely watched. Hendricks was gaining a little, here and there, in such fashion that it seemed probable he would go ahead of Hancock. When Ohio was called to vote, her chairman, General George W. McCook, rose, and in an eloquent speech placed in nomination again the name of Horatio Seymour, of New York.

This nomination was received with tremendous applause, lasting for several minutes. At last, upon the restoration of order, Governor Seymour, with much emotion, alluded to the action of Ohio with deep regret; and, after expressing his appreciation of the compliment intended to be conferred, and his devotion to the principles of the party, he reiterated what he had heretofore stated—that not only duty, but honor, forbade him to become a candidate at this time, and that he could not accept such a nomination.

Ohio, however, through Mr. Vallandigham, insisted that the vote should stand as recorded, and urged that when the office seeks the man, and not the man the office, in all times of great public peril and necessity, it is the duty of the citizen to forego personal and private considerations, and be willing to subserve the public good.

Mr. Vallandigham was followed by Mr. Kernan, of New York, who, as a neighbor of Governor Seymour, stated how he was beloved and respected by the New York delegation, and how he had been entreated to accept the nomination, and how, also, he had persistently refused it, upon such grounds as precluded an attempt on the part of the New York delegation to force it upon him at this point of the proceedings.

Governor Seymour retired from the platform, evidently much chagrined, and not a little incensed by the turn things were taking. General Price took the chair. It was already plain from the commotion in the hall that the nomination was made.—The secretary undertook to proceed with the roll-call. There was a wish among the delegations to be the first to ratify the nomination, and Indiana was the first to second; then came Pennsylvania. By this time the hall was the scene of direst confusion, the whole Convention and the galleries cheering vociferously. The chairmen of delegations were impotently bawling at the top of their voices, asking to record the votes of their States for Seymour, and the secretary making vain efforts to be heard.

The Chairman, Gen. Price, took things coolly. He was eminently fit for the emergency. When the enthusiasts in the galleries had bawled themselves hoarse, and those on the floor had flung all the rims off their hats, Gen. Price quietly called a halt to this demonstration, and the secretary proceeded, amidst comparative quiet, to call the roll of States, when every vote was given to Horatio Seymour, of New York, and he was declared unanimously chosen as the candidate of the Democratic National Convention for President of the United States. It is a fact that this nomination was made by the great Western States. They have all the time had the nomination in their power, and they have made the candidate. Mr. Seymour was earnest and sincere in declining the nomination, on account of solemn pledges he had made to his family not to accept it, and even the New Yorkers were, for the most part, taken by surprise. The nomination is, however, regarded as a most excellent one.

Among our living statesmen, Horatio Seymour stands in the front rank as a Democrat. None can question the purity and solidity of his devotion to Democratic principles. As a patriot he is renowned for his earnest efforts while Governor of New York to expedite the readiness of the New York troops for the field. In private and public character he is without reproach, and his official course is marked with strictness, integrity, efficiency and attention. Although some would have preferred here and there another candidate, all agree that with Horatio Seymour as our standard bearer we shall triumphantly win the race.

After the nomination of the President, a recess was taken for an hour for refreshments. The newspaper men improved it in getting up the mass of work before them, and the delegates in consultation as to the Vice President.

Upon the termination of the recess, nominations for the Vice Presidency were in order.

Upon a call of the States, Illinois presented the name of John A. McClernand, a compeer of Clay and Webster; a distinguished General of the late war, whose brain conceived the capture of Vicksburg, though the credit of that achievement was given to a much inferior man. This was received with vociferous cheering.

Gen. McClernand rose to thank the Convention, but asked the delegation from Illinois to withdraw his name. [Cries of "No, no."] He had no ambition, except in relieving the country from the thraldom which now binds her. He said the soldiers would heartily accept the nomination of Seymour. The soldiers and sailors were not all for a sham hero—a creature of fortuitous circumstances. More than half of them would vote for the patriot, orator, and statesman, Horatio Seymour.

In conclusion, he said he was in earnest, and asked the withdrawal of his name.

The name of General McClernand, then, at his own request, was withdrawn.

Iowa presented the name of Augustus E. Dodge.

Kansas nominated General Thomas Ewing, Jr., the favorite of the recent Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention. This nomination was seconded by Maine.

General Preston, of Kentucky, nominated Major General Francis P. Blair, Jr., of Missouri. This nomination was at once seconded by General Steedman, on behalf of Louisiana. As in the case of the nomination of Seymour, every State vied with the others in being among the earliest to ratify this nomination. One after another, as rapidly as they could be heard, amongst the wildest confusion, their votes were received and recorded for Francis P. Blair, Jr., as Vice President, until the whole three hundred and seventeen electoral votes had been recorded in favor of General Blair. The result was greeted with tremendous cheering.

Ever since the nomination of Seymour cannon had been fired in the adjacent Union Square, and bands had been playing in front of the building. The work of the Convention was done.

The crowd began to move—that crowd that had for hours shouted itself hoarse with huzzas, and tired its arms with waving and yet less than five thousand human beings, who had for hours been pent up in its vast recesses, seeking to save the nation and the country from fearful impending perils.

A committee of one from each State was appointed to wait upon the candidates and notify them of their nomination.

MISCELLANEOUS.

C. W. D. HUTCHINGS & BRO

MANUFACTURERS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN LADIES', GENTS', BOYS' AND WAGON SADDLES,

Coach, Buggy, Cart and Wagon Harness,

BRIDLES AND MARTINGALES

and all other goods usually kept in a regular Saddlery establishment

They will sell, a short time, for cash, at a small advance on cost, in order to reduce their heavy stock now on hand.

Citizens and strangers, visiting the City, who wish to purchase goods, will do well to look at our stock, 4th. door North of Post Office and opposite Market Square, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

Feb 7-154-tf

J. B. HUNTER & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

AND

Produce Commission Merchants,

CORNER HIGH & WATER STREETS,

PORTSMOUTH, Va.,

Will sell in the markets of NORFOLK and PORTSMOUTH, LIVERPOOL, or LONDON, Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Dried Fruit and all marketable Produce.

Liberal advancements made on actual shipments, and personal attention paid to purchase of merchandise.

June 17-3m*

SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION!

By the 17th day of August 1868, in pursuance of a decree in Equity, made at June Term, 1867, and amended at June Term, 1868, of the Supreme Court of N. C., in the case wherein the Heron Mining Company is complainant and Joseph Weisman is respondent, I shall proceed to sell at the door of the Court House of the County of Wake, in the city of Raleigh, to the highest bidder, the following described property, being all the land and mining interests, mentioned and described in the pleadings, to wit: About

SIXTEEN TRACTS OF LAND,

containing in all some

4,000 ACRES OR MORE.

Also the mining privilege upon two other tracts of some

1,000 ACRES OR MORE.

This land is situate in the County of Wake, and near the city of Raleigh. There is a continuous and many parallel veins of Graphite, Plumbago or Black Lead, much of it of the highest quality, extending throughout the entire chain of tracts, some twelve miles in length.

Terms, 3 per cent cash, and the residue of the purchase money upon a credit of one, two and three years.

W. S. MASON,
Jun 30-td Commissioner.

PRINTER'S NEWS INK.

FOR THE accommodation of our cotemporaries in the State, we propose to keep on hand a quantity of NEWSPAPER INK, manufactured in Philadelphia, and will sell it, for cash, at Philadelphia prices. We have it in kegs of 50 and 25 pounds each, at 20 cts. per pound. The cash must accompany orders. Apply to the

Apr. 6-tf EDITORS OF THE SENTINEL.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS

Corn, Corn, Corn.

4,000 BUSHELS OF CORN arriving and to arrive at
June 29-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Coffee, Coffee.

20 BAGS MORE RIO COFFEE, at
June 29-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Snuff, Snuff.

5 BBLS. MORE EGERTON SNUFF, Just to hand at
June 5 UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Candles, Candles.

20 BOXES MORE ADAMANTINE CANDLES Just arrived at
June 5-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Sugar, Sugar.

20 BBLS. EXTRA C SUGAR Just received at
June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Candles, Candles.

70 BOXES ADAMANTINE CANDLES. For sale at
June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Lard, Lard.

3,000 LBS. FAMILY LARD IN Tierces and Kegs. For sale by
June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

Soap, Soap.

2,500 LBS. ROSIN SOAP. Just received by
June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

Salt, Salt.

100 SACKS MORE FINE SALT For sale at
June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Leather, Leather.

A LARGE SUPPLY OF HEMLOCK LEATHER. For sale by
June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

Essence of Coffee.

ANOTHER SUPPLY ESS. OF COFFEE. Just received at
June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Flour, Flour, Flour.

20 BBLS. N. C. FLOUR, in Store and for sale, at low price, to close consignment.
June 26-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Corn! Prime White Corn!!

ONE DOLLAR AND A HALF per bushel. Just received by
June 26 tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Bacon, Bacon, Bacon.

5,000 LBS. RIB SIDES, which will be sold for cash, very low, by
June 26-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

HERRINGS, HERRINGS.

25 half bbls. N. C. Roe Herrings.
50 " " Cut do
20 " Labrador do
For sale low by
June 23-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

June 22-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Corn, Corn.

ONE THOUSAND BUSHELS PRIME WHITE CORN, now arriving at
June 22-tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

HOTEL CANDLES.
June 22-tf For sale by DOUGLAS BELL.

A NEW ARRIVAL OF

TEAS, COFFEES AND SPICES!

At DOUGLAS BELL'S.
June 22-tf

NOW ARRIVING.

50 bbls. N. C. Family Flour.
35 " " Extra Super Flour.
For sale very low by
DOUGLAS BELL,
June 10-tf Commission Merchant.

10 PACKAGES GREEN AND BLACK TEA. For sale by
June 10-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

30 BOXES ADAMANTINE CANDLES. Just arrived at
June 10-tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

SOLE LEATHER,

TRUNKS, VALISES,
LEATHER AND MOROCCO TRAVELING BAGS,
For Ladies and Gentlemen, at
April 23-tf R. B. ANDREWS & CO.

25 FACTORY CHEESE.
April 30-tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

IRISH POTATOES FOR PLANTING.

10 bbls. White Mercer Potatoes.
10 bbls. Peach Blow do
15 bbls. N. C. do
Mar 5—tf At ANDREWS'.

50 DOZ CANS FRESH PEACHES.
April 30-tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

25 BBLS. PATAPSCO FAMILY FLOUR.
April 30-tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

FAMILY FLOUR.

25 bbls. Family Patapsco.
25 " Superfine
15 " Family N. C.
Mar 5—tf At ANDREWS'.

1,000 BUSHELS OF CORN Just received.
April 30-tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS, Fayetteville St.

10 CASKS ENGLISH ALE AND PORTER in Bottles.
April 30-tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

5,000 LBS. BALTIMORE BACON, Sides and Shoulders, low
April 30 tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

25 BOXES FRESH CANDIES—Assorted.
April 30-tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

RECEIVED THIS DAY 500 lbs. Family Lard in Kegs.
Feb3-150-tf TONNOFFSKI'S

JELLIES, JELLIES.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.

CATSUPS AND SAUCES.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S genuine imported Chow-Chow and Picallili, at
Mar 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

FINE WINES, ALES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.
March 2—tf

WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS.

GEO. I. TONNOFFSKI,

Grocer & Commission Merchant,

No. 31, FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

(NEAR MECHANICS' HALL.)

KEEPS constantly on hand a well selected stock of Groceries, Confections, Fine Wines, Ales, Liquors, Cigars, &c.

Consignments solicited. Prompt returns made. Liberal advances made on consignments. Commissions light.
Jan 29-148-tf

10 CASES GOODS, At TONNOFFSKI'S.
Nov 18—tf

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

For Sale.

A FEW MORE of the HILLSBORO CANNED PEACHES
W. H. JONES & CO.,
June 26-tf Auction & Com. Merchants.

On Consignment.

THE following Extracts and Medicines:

Laudanum, Paregoric, Castor Oil, Essence of Lemon, Peppermint, and a superior Boot Polish.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
may 13-tf Auctioneers & Com. Merchants.

For Sale.

7 Hhds Shoulder Bacon, cheap, to close consignment Also
500 Bushels Corn.
July 2-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

BREAKFAST BACON, BRIGHT AND sweet.—Just the thing to cook with vegetables.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
June 24-tf Auction & Com. Merchants.

SUGARS. Of the different grades
W. H. JONES & CO.,
June 24-tf Com. Merchants.

For Sale.

A NICE LITTLE FARM, within two miles of the City. Comfortable Dwelling, Gin House, Gin and Cotton Press and necessary out-buildings, and a nice young Orchard of select Fruit.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
June 5-tf Auct'rs and Com. Merchants

Just Received.

27 BALES HAY AND FODDER.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
June 2-tf Commission Merchants.

ALE. A FRESH SUPPLY IN ½ and ¼ Casks
W. H. JONES & CO.
June 2-tf

WANTED,

By a competent young man and recent graduate in Medicine, a situation as Druggist.
Apply to
July 2-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

20 BALES PRIME NEW HAY.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 7-tf Auct'rs & Com. Merchants.

Sugar, Sugar, Sugar.

C SUGAR, C YELLOW AND YELLOW SUGARS, just to hand and for sale, low, by the barrel.
W. H. JONES & CO.
July 7-tf Auct'rs & Com. Merchants.

For Sale.

NICE WELL-CURED Southampton HAMS.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 7-tf Auct'rs & Com. Merchants.

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The Best Blood Purifier in the WORLD.

DR. LAWRENCE'S

CELEBRATED

ROSADALIS,

FOR THE CURE OF

SCROFULA, IN ALL ITS FORMS,

SUCH AS

CONSUMPTION IN ITS EARLY STAGES, ENLARGEMENT AND ULCERATION OF THE GLANDS, JOINTS, BONES, LIVER, KIDNEYS, &c.; RHEUMATISM, WHITE SWELLING, MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS, SORE EYES, OLD SORES, DISEASES PECULIAR TO FEMALES, ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN, GENERAL BAD HEALTH,

AND ALL OTHER DISEASES CAUSED

By an Impure State of the Blood.

The following, *among many hundreds* of our best citizens, testify to its *wonderful efficacy.*

Home Certificates from Physicians.

We know Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis to be a safe and RELIABLE Alterative, &c., and take pleasure in recommending it to the profession and the public.

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N. T. BREWER, M. D.

January 7th, 1868.

I hereby certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named Physicians, and they are all gentlemen of respectability and standing in this community.

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☞ The ROSADALIS thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and bad taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition

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Jan 31-148-1y

Just to Hand.

A LARGE LOT of second-hand MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, on consignment, and for sale at very reasonable rates
FRANSON & JONES,
June 19-tf Raleigh, N. C.

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THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

INCORPORATED IN 1846

ACCUMULATED ASSETS,

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AVERAGE DIVIDENDS OVER 50 PER CENT.

Insure your life in the CONNECTICUT MUTUAL, which has proven to be the cheapest, best and most reliable Company in the world, because it has the largest amount of surplus, largest number of Policy holders, and rates of expenses less. Simply a Mutual Benefit society—a combination of individuals united to help one another by the safest and best method known; and if a member cannot make but two or three payments, will receive his proportionate amount.

Will issue Policies on any plan devised.

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OF VIRGINIA.

A VIRGINIA AND SOUTHERN INSTITUTION. ITS FUNDS ARE KEPT IN THE SOUTH. IT HAS MET WITH UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS. ITS FORTUNES ARE ESTABLISHED BEYOND ANY CONTINGENCY.

The Company has capital and assets, against its liability, that will compare favorably, with any Life Insurance Company on the continent, which is the true test of responsibility.

Its affairs are cautiously administered by selected Directors, of responsibility and business capacity.

It has established its claim to Southern Patronage.

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Jan 28-146-tf LEXINGTON, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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AGENTS FOR THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA FOR

CRESYLIC SOAPS,

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SAPONACEOUS COMPOUNDS,

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Manufactured under License solely by

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CRESYLIC ACID, well known as certain in its effects for the above purposes, is now for the first time made available or common use. With license under letters patent, various compounds are being manufactured by the undersigned, whose Family soaps have long been a staple article in the market.

Sheep Dip.

For curing Scab and destroying Insects on Sheep.

5 pound canisters wholesale,			$ 1 25
10	do	do	2 25
50	do	kegs, do	10 00
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Proportions are one pound Dip to five gallons water for five to ten sheep, according to size.

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In solution for destroying and repelling insects from Trees or Plants. In 1 and 2 pound Canisters at 50 cents and $1; larger packages same price as Sheep Dip.

Cresylic Ointment.

For cure of Foot Rot, &c. In addition for killing insects, &c., on stock. In 3 pound canisters, $1.

Carbolic Disinfecting Soap.

In tablets for convenient use in washing Horses, Dogs, Pigs, &c., destroying insects of all kinds, protecting from Flies, curative of sores, scratches and Cracks of all kinds. 40 cents per lb., or in boxes, 3 dozen tablets $3 00.

Laundry and No. 1 Soaps.

For use in scrubbing and in the Laundry. Send for a descriptive pamphlet
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Practices in the Courts of Halifax and adjoining Counties. Also in the Federal Courts and Courts of Bankruptcy.
Jan 29-148-6m

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SELLING OUT AT

NEW YORK COST!!

DRY GOODS,

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

CROCKERY AND HARDWARE.

OWING TO CONTINUED ILL HEALTH, AND consequent inability to give proper attention to my business, I have concluded to offer my entire stock of

DRY GOODS,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Notions and Hosiery, Crockery and Hardware,

AT

NEW YORK COST FOR CASH.

All who are in want of good and fashionable Goods would do well to call at once, before the Goods are picked over.

A. KLINE.

Corner of Fayetteville and Hargett Sts.,
June 26-1m Raleigh, N. C.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS AND JOBBERS IN

FOREIGN AND AMERICAN

DRY GOODS,

RALEIGH, N. C.

April 22-tf

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S!

YOU MAY FIND

NEW GOODS

Just Received at LOW PRICES.

Our friends shall have Goods as cheap as they can be bought at any other House.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN:

SUCH AS **PRINTS** AT 12½ TO 15;

And all DRESS GOODS in proportion.

A good stock of Goods for Boys and Men; N. C. CASSIMERES and JEANS, &c.,

At the old stand of

S. H. YOUNG.

Nov. 27—96-tf

HARDWARE &C.

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DEALER IN

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IRON, STEEL,
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
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PAINTS, VARNISHES,
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GLUE AND GLASS

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Agents for the sale of

Burr and Esopus Mill Stones, Bolting Cloth,

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☞ *Two doors below Southern Express Office.*
April 30-tf

41 FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

WHITE GRANITE DINNER WARE,
GLASS GOBLETS, TUMBLERS AND WINE GLASSES,
BOWLS AND PITCHERS,
WATER PITCHERS.

Just received and for sale,
J. BROWN,
With Hart & Lewis
Raleigh, N. C., June 20, 1868.

Cotton Plows and Cultivators.

IN STORE MARCH'S PATENTED COTTON Plows and CORN CULTIVATORS—approved by all who have tried them.
June 13-tf JAS. M. TOWLES.

COLLINS & HEATH,
22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.
"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing, Sheet Lead, Lead Pipe, Iron Pipe, Terra Cotta Pipe, Bosse Cocks, Plated Cocks, Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs, Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters, Water Closets, Iron and China Basins, Hydrants, Pumps, Rams, Fountains, Water Wheels, Garden Vases, Water-Coolers, Refrigerators, &c.	Mount Vernon Cook Stove, Patapsco Cook, Roger Williams's, Universe Cook, Bosse Range, European Range, Magee Range, Spruce Range, Emerald Range, Hayward, Barbour & Co's Portable Furnaces, Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick, Parlor, Church and Stores in great variety. All the different styles of Grates, High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c.

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.
May 15-1y

A. MILLER,

No. 27 Old Street, Petersburg, Va.

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Rags, Brass, Copper and Furs.

All rags can be shipped by freight, and, on receipt of the Railroad receipt, the shipper can draw on me at sight.
may 13-2aw2m

MISCELLANEOUS.

GRAIN AND FLOUR SACKS!

THE OLD ESTABLISHED

"Corn Exchange Bag Manufactory"

is prepared to furnish GRAIN SACKS of any desired size or quality, and at short notice. Also COTTON AND PAPER FLOUR SACKS neatly printed to order.

Information promptly furnished upon application

W. H. ASTEN & CO.,
June 17-3m 25 PEARL ST., New York City.

RAILROADS.

TO SHIPPERS.

NORTH CAROLINA

ALL STATE

RAILWAY LINES, (THAT USED TO BE)

THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD, THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH, TO BE LEFT OUT IN THE COLD, UNLESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY SAY VIA R. & G. R. R!

WE inaugurated and are the *Great Groove Inland Air Line Route* to all the Northern Markets, and have successfully worked the Line to the entire satisfaction of Shippers, North and South, for the last two years, as the few Thousand shippers in North and South Carolina will testify. We paid the State near Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars for her Interest in the Road—thereby saving the people from TAXATION for all time to come $50,000 per year; and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other Line.

NOTICE!

The Great Inland Air Line Freight

R O U T E,

Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

is the Short Line for Shippers, and you are *required so to direct your Freights*, or they will be taken by another Route!

To insure your Freight being carried over this *Great Inland Air Line* safely, direct your consignors to mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point Va., Via *Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road*, and to ship as follows:

FROM BOSTON:
Merchants' & Miner's Line, end of Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.

FROM NEW YORK:
Old Dominion Steamship Co., shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach St., Office 187, Greenwich St. Cor. Dey; N. L. McAvenay, President.

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(Via Annamessic,) Phila., Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.

FROM BALTIMORE:
Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Foot Union Dock, L. B. Parks, Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co., 99 Light street Wharf.

C. B. ALLEN,
Aug 6-305-tf Freight Ag't Raleigh N. C.

SUPT. OFFICE, N. C. RAILROAD CO.,
COMPANY SHOPS, N. C., April 1, 1868.

On and after this date the following will be the Schedule for Passenger Trains over this Road:

Leave Charlotte daily	11.30 P. M.
" Salisbury	3.07 A. M.
" Greensboro'	5.05 " M.
" Raleigh	9.41 A. M.
Arrive at Goldsboro'	12.25 P. M.
Leave Goldsboro'	12.30 P. M.
" Raleigh	3.20 P. M.
" Greensboro'	7.17 P. M.
" Salisbury	9.36 P. M.
Arrive at Charlotte	11.35 P. M.

Through passengers by this line have choice of routes via Greensboro' and Danville to Richmond, or via Raleigh and Weldon to Richmond or Portsmouth, arriving at all points North of Richmond at the same time by either route.

Connection is made at Goldsboro' with Passenger trains on W. & W. Road to and from Wilmington, and to Weldon by freight trains. Also to Newbern on A. & N. C. Road.

Freight trains will leave Charlotte at 2 A. M., and arrive at 6.20 P. M.

April 4-tf JAMES ANDERSON, Supt.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD CO.,
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
Raleigh, N. C., May 26th, 1868.

On and after May 26th, 1868, Trains will run on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, as follows:

Mail Train leaves Raleigh	9.15 A. M.
Arrives at Weldon	2.40 P. M.
Mail Train leaves Weldon	10.35 A. M.
Arrives at Raleigh	3.15 P. M.
Freight Train leaves Raleigh	1.15 P. M.
" " arrives at Raleigh	10.05 A. M.

The Mail Trains make through connections with all points North and South.

A. B ANDREWS,
may 21-tf Supt. of Transportation.

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS

ESTABLISHED 1831.

KADER BIGGS. JOS. J. BIGGS.

KADER BIGGS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

AND

General Commission Merchants.

NORFOLK, Va.

SPECIAL AND EARNEST ATTENTION to sales of Cotton and all other kinds of produce and prompt returns made.

Our long experience in business gives us superior advantages in making sales at the highest markets of same.

Cotton forwarded to Liverpool free of commissions.

Liberal advances made on produce in hand.

Refer to A. M. McPheeters, Esq., Hon. Thos. Bragg, and Hon. B. F. Moore, Raleigh; A. F. Hill, Esq., Wake; Col. Adam J. Heath, Smithfield; Maj. D. S. Hill Louisburg; Gen. Joseph Barnes, Wilson; Hon. Asa Biggs, Tarboro, and Messrs. John Myers & Son, Washington.

Norfolk, Va., June 2—tf

STAVES WANTED.

We will contract for, or purchase at MARKET prices on arrival,

500,000 Red Oak Hhd. Staves,
300,000 White Oak Hhd. " "
100,000 White Oak " Heading, } Norfolk
75,000 White Oak Pipe Staves, } Inspection.
50,000 White Oak Hhd. " "

The White Oak Staves and Heading will be received as soon as they can be delivered. The Red Oak, from September to January next.

Dimensions, and full particulars for getting Staves properly, furnished on application to

CHARLES REID & SON,
Mar 19—tf Norfolk, Va.

TOBACCO AGENCY.

We have received Agencies for the sale of MANUFACTURED and SMOKING TOBACCO, of all brands.

Orders for any quantity will be promptly filled.

Parties having any for sale would do well to ship us, as ready sales can be made.

COWARD & HARRISS,
April 21-3m Commission Merchants, Norfolk, Va.

DR. JORDAN,

OF NORFOLK, VA.

TREATS DISEASES OF THE THROAT, WINDPIPE AND LUNGS,

By a modification of the plan of the late Dr. Green, of New York, with a success beyond any other treatment ever methodized.

He has devoted much time and treated Female Complaints, hitherto considered incurable, with gratifying results. This disease of the most inveterate character, he has found the good fortune to cure in a short time.

Norfolk is one of the best retreats for patients of either class on the American Continent.

Norfolk, Va., June 15-tf

FRESH PEACHES!!

50 dozen 2 lb., Cans (1gl.) $4.50 per doz.
15 " 6 lb., " (3gls.) 13.50 " "

ALL WARRANTED FRESH.

The Cans are sealed with wax and can be used again.

Apply to
Feb 19-134-tf E. H. FOGUE,
Hillsboro, N. C.

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The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

Three months	$1 00
Six months	4 00
One year	8
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year	4 00
" " six months	2 00
Weekly Sentinel, one year	7 00
" " six months	1 00

THE SENTINEL.

WILLIAM E. PELL, } SEATON GALES, } EDITORS.

TUESDAY, JULY 14, 1868

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET!

FOR PRESIDENT,

HON. HORATIO SEYMOUR,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

GEN. FRANK P. BLAIR,

OF MISSOURI.

RATIFICATION MEETINGS.

The platform adopted, and the nominations made, by the National Democratic Convention, at New York, have received the most remarkable endorsement throughout the country. The Democrats and Conservatives are universally jubilant over the prospects of certain success. The enthusiasm excited by these nominations is not a fitful, erratic or spasmodic movement. It is based upon principle—upon the heart-devotion of the people to the Constitution and to liberty, and will go on gathering strength to the end.

Democrats and Conservatives! Shall we not carry the State overwhelmingly in November for the ticket? We *can* do it!—Shall not the flag of the country, as an emblem of the Constitution, of liberty and of civil law, be planted upon our watch-towers, and shall it not wave gallantly and forever, over our people, as the defender of liberty, of law and of the Constitution, the flag of a free people, a free nation and a white man's government?

Let Ratification meetings be called at once throughout the State. Let "SEYMOUR AND BLAIR CLUBS" be formed at every point. Let delegates be appointed at all the ratification County meetings, to attend the District meetings to be held in each Congressional District, to nominate candidates for Congress and electors on the Presidential ticket. To avoid any possible difficulty, let our candidates for Congress be able to take the test-oath, and our candidates for Presidential electors not be under any political disabilities, as defined and held by the Congress.

THE UNIVERSITY.

We learn that the Board of Education, under the new Constitution, have organized and appointed the Board of Trustees, one from each county. Their names have not yet transpired.

Some weeks ago, we heard that Mr. Ashley, the newly elected Superintendent of Public Instruction in North Carolina, had been on a visit to Oberlin Institute, in Ohio. We further learned that Ashley was a graduate of Oberlin, and that he had determined to insist upon ignoring the University system at Chapel Hill, and re-organizing it upon the system of Oberlin, as a Normal school, for blacks and whites, to be instructed for teachers. We have since *heard* that the Board of Education have approved of this plan and will go to work at once to organize it.

It is also stated this Education Board will seize at once upon the University property, the Libraries and furniture of the two Literary Societies, &c.!!

The property of the University is mortgaged for its debts. Those debts ought to be paid, before the new Board strike a peg. As to the Libraries, &c., of the two Literary Societies, the new Board have no more legal title to them than Sherman's bummers had to their stolen property.

Months ago, we had just enough confidence in the Radical leaders in this State, with their carpet-bag allies, to expect the very worst results from their management of the University. We advised the Trustees to sell its property under the mortgage, and let it be bought up by gentlemen, who would keep up the University on a liberal scale. We should have publicly urged it, but for the timidity and hopefulness of our friends. And on one occasion we had an article *written*, advising the two Societies to divide at once their Libraries and furniture between the Literary Societies of Trinity, Wake Forest and Davidson Colleges, to be returned, when called for, by their successors in the University of North Carolina, whenever placed in the hands of the white people of the State. The same timidity, in some who claimed to be better friends of the University than ourselves, led us to recall the article.

We now wish we had urged strongly the first measure, and, if it had failed, then urged the second. We have never had any confidence in the ability or the good purposes of the Radicals, if they allowed themselves to be controlled by "Gov." Holden, Ashley, &c., in regard to the University, to make it what it ought to be. They do not care a groat for North Carolina or her people, in any respect, except to accomplish their own selfish designs and secure the interests of the Radical party thereby.

"SEYMOUR AND BLAIR CLUBS."—We again repeat the idea, that the above is the best designation for the political clubs to be formed in the State by the Democratic and Conservative people. It renders unnecessary the terms "Democratic" Club or "Conservative" Club, though neither are objectionable to us. We have no attachment for names, unless they identify us with certain principles which we advocate. Seymour and Blair are the banner-bearers of the Democratic platform formed at New York, as embodying the views and aims of the Democratic and Conservative masses of the country. They will and must stand upon that platform, and so do we.

OUR PUBLIC CHARITIES.

Our people were sufficiently astounded at the announcement of the Board of Supervisors appointed last week, by "Gov." Holden, for the Lunatic Asylum. Mr. Lassiter was the only one who had any claims to respectful consideration in that office, but if he has not forfeited the public esteem by his recent connections, he resides too far from the city, to discharge its duties.

But the appointees as Directors of the Institution for the Deaf, the Dumb and the Blind, presented by the "Governor" to the Legislature, on Saturday, out Herod Herod. The Governor is in a fair way to *build up* his political party and promote its social elevation by such appointments. Listen:

W. M. Coleman, Attorney General, (new style,) who, it has been alleged, on account of a certain charge, left his residence in quick haste and came to Raleigh, (which, however, he denies!) Rev. S. S. Ashley, of Massachusetts, and Rev. F. P. Brewer, of Connecticut, both called Congregational preachers—Ashley, the teacher of a negro school in Wilmington, and Brewer, the negro teacher of this city! We understand that both of these men do not hesitate to admit fully the doctrine of negro equality, in its fullest sense, by allowing negro men to visit their houses, socially! Ashley is Superintendent of Public Instruction, and it is said that Brewer aspires to a seat in the Faculty at Chapel Hill. Thomas Coates, an Englishman, and an amalgamationist, we said, but a very good mechanic! James H. Harris, a good talking, black mattress maker! And there is Dr. R. B. Ellis, whom we neither know, nor have we seen any one who does know him. We first thought that the Governor was mistaken and meant Doctor Patterson, the spectacle man, who has made himself so conspicuous as a Radical leader in Raleigh, for some months.

The Governor is carrying out his principles, with a vengeance. "*Every position, high and low, shall be filled by our party friends.*" He boldly takes the position, we learn, that *his party* is to be taken care of, no matter what becomes of the State. The State government has not a crumb of bread for a Conservative man—not one! Go it! Perhaps when you get to the end of your tether, Conservatives will learn whether or not they will support Radical whites and blacks, to cut their own throats. Suppose the Conservative merchants, mechanics, farmers and employers, generally, were to adopt this plan, what would become of the Radical masses?

Conservatives who would serve such men, in any way, except as a charity, weaken their own cause and strengthen Radicalism. Come out from among them, and "touch not, handle not, taste not the unclean thing."

GEN. ABBOTT.

We do not know Gen. Abbott, personally. Until he became actively connected with the bond-holders, and the measures depreciatory of the white race in North Carolina, in the late Convention, we had felt a higher respect for his character and deportment than for any other new comer into the State. There were developements, during the Convention and the campaign, and since, which changed our opinion.

We learn that Gen. Abbott, on yesterday, denounced our statement as to him as a "*lie*," &c. We stated it as a rumor. Gen. Abbott denies it,—charges us with falsehood, and threatens to hold the Editors of the *Sentinel* personally responsible. All this is gammon. We are now more strongly inclined to believe the rumor, since his denial, than before. We hope the General will not *compel us to prove our statement.*—But let the reader consider the following: Is not Gen. Abbott in favor of paying the State's interest? Is that a lie? Is he not in favor of passing a bill, at this session, laying a tax to be collected out of the people to pay the interest on the State debt? Is that a lie? If Gen. Abbott is in favor of a bill to tax the people to pay the interest on the State debt, will he not also go for enforcing its collection? How can Sheriffs collect, if they don't sell the lands of our people? If the Sheriffs are obliged to sell for cash, will they sell for more than one-tenth their value; and who can buy their lands, but the carpet-baggers, the bond-holders and the money speculators? Almost, if not quite, Q. E. D. Is it not strange that Gen. Abbott should deny such a rumor?

GEN. ABBOTT AGAIN.

Our Reporter, in Monday's issue, says that Gen. Abbott said:

"He intended to fight this feeling against *gentlemen* of Northern birth, who came down South to make an *honest living.*"

We entertain the same feeling precisely. We never saw a gentleman in our lives, no matter where he was born, we did not defend, and certainly we never saw one, whose efforts to make an honest living we did not promote. But, we ask, was it very *genteel*, for Gen. Abbott, Col. Heaton, Mr. French, Col. Deweese, "Judge" Tourgee, and such like, before they had paid taxes or given proof of their determination to make North Carolina a permanent home, to have sought the alienation of our blacks from our whites, and induced them to put them in office, in *preference* to our native people? Is that Northern gentility? We think not. The Northern papers abound in ridicule and exposure of the want of gentility of many of the Southern carpet baggers. And who of them, pray, are trying to make an honest living, by honest labor? It is very honest labor, we suppose, to be trying to *chouse* such men as Dockery and Pool, and Sloan, and Caldwell, and Logan and Jones, all old citizens, out of the Senatorship, to make way for those who have been here about three years, and who perhaps may never again return! It's an honest way of making a living, eh, to be always intriguing and plotting to get office?

RATIFICATION MEETING IN NEW YORK.—A great improvised ratification meeting was held in New York on the night of the adjournment of the National Democratic Convention. Among the speakers were the Hon. Zebulon B. Vance and Colonel W. A. Jenkins, of this State. Thousands were present and their remarks were enthusiastically received.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BY AUTHORITY OF CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

SENATE.

MONDAY, July 13, 1868.

The Senate was called to order at 10 A. M.

Mr. Respass arose to a question of privilege, and said:

"I have the honor to represent as large and as wealthy a constituency as any one Senator on this floor, and my constituency pay as large an amount of taxes, and I think it strange, while these are *facts*, that I have only been assigned to two unimportant Committees—one of which, under the rules of the House, does not exist, (that of Claims) and the other of little or no importance. Some Senators, representing less interest and smaller constituencies, are on many important Committees. I only raise this question in behalf of my constituency—not that I am anxious to be burdened with the discharge of their onerous duties."

The Chair disclaimed any intention to be sectional in his appointments, and stated that he had requested the co-operation of Senators in making the appointments.

Mr. Davis introduced a bill to abate the capitation tax in the County of Montgomery.

Mr. Moore, of Yancey, a resolution relative to the late Clerks of the Courts of North Carolina. Adopted.

On motion of Mr. Rich, the communication from Governor Holden, making appointments of Directors for the Deaf and Dumb Asylum, was taken up.

Mr. Brogden hoped they would be concurred in by the Senate, as they were entirely satisfactory to the Governor, and he *supposed* they were competent in every way to fill the position.

Mr. Winstead stated that while he had the utmost confidence in the good intentions of the Governor, still if the appointees intended to displace Mr. Palmer, the present Superintendent of that Institution, who had filled the position with ability and general satisfaction, he would look upon his removal as a great calamity to the Institution and the State, and would vote against the appointments.

Mr. Welker indorsed Mr. Winstead's positions, and desired to see Mr. Palmer retained.

Mr. Lindsay took the same view and moved a further postponement of the matter.

Mr. Moore, of Carteret, thought the object to postpone was to pledge the appointees to retain the present incumbent, (Mr. Palmer.) He thought they should be entitled to act untrammeled. While he had signed a petition to retain Mr. Palmer, he was opposed to postponing the matter any longer and would vote against it.

The vote was taken and the motion to postpone prevailed.

Mr. Moore, of Carteret, presented a correspondence from J. W. Stevens, claiming that he was duly elected as a member of the Senate, &c., which was referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections.

A bill for the relief of the sureties of the late Sheriff D. F. Bagley, of Perquimans County, come up on its second reading, and was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

The bill to incorporate the town of Brevard came up and passed its second reading.

A bill repealing an act, setting apart time and place for selling land in the counties of Halifax, Martin, and Northampton, passed its second reading.

A bill to attach the County of Catawba to the 10th District was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

A communication from General Canby was received, stating that all papers in reference to alleged election frauds were in the hands of the Governor, and requiring Col. Williams to turn over any papers in connection with the Caswell County election, which are in his hands, to the Governor.

The bill providing for the qualification of certain officers, recently elected under the provisions of the Constitution of the State of North Carolina, was, on motion of Mr. Lassiter, recommitted to a special Committee, viz: Messrs. Lassiter, Sweet and Love.

Bill amending the Charter of the Davidson Copper Mining Company passed its final reading, under a suspension of the rules.

On motion, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow, 10 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

[BY THE UNDERGROUND RAILROAD.]

MONDAY, July 13, 1868.

The House was called to order at half past ten o'clock.

No one appeared to pray for a body, which stands in so much need of it.

That record of iniquity, yclept the *Journal*, was read and approved.

A message was received from the Senate, notifying the House that Bill No. 7 (whatever that is) had passed its 3rd. reading in that body.

Mr. Sinclair introduced a bill, regulating taxation in the corporate towns. Referred.

By Candler: A bill legalizing and confirming a decree of the Court of Equity at the Fall term of 1867, in the County of Buncombe, in favor of the heirs at-law of W. G. Chandler, dec'd.

The rules were suspended and the bill passed its several readings.

Abbott (aspiring carpet-bagger) rose to a question of privilege. He had been grossly misrepresented in the *Sentinel* of Monday morning. He wished it to be distinctly understood that he was the poor man's friend and was decidedly opposed to having their lands sold for payment of taxes. He pronounced the whole of the *Sentinel's* charges as malicious falsehoods. He (amiable gentleman) felt no personal unkindness towards the Editors of that paper. At the proper time, he (the peaceful Shaker) would hold those Editors responsible for the indignities offered (to a man who bets high on going to the United States Senate.) He did not believe that the conduct of the majority of the Conservative press was endorsed by the well-meaning and genteel Conservative people of the State, &c.

Cawthorn [who at one time of his life was a negro] said that he had been misrepresented. He did not make any remarks whatever on Saturday. [The reporter mistook some other darkey for him—that's all; and if the real author of the remarks will give his name, he shall have due credit.]

Seymour moved to reconsider the vote on the bill to provide for a new registration of voters in the city of Wilmington, and asked its reference to the Committee on the Judiciary.

The question upon the motion to reconsider was put and carried.

The Chair then stated that the bill had been sent to the Senate, but it would be recalled and the required reference made.

Reynolds' bill to make landholders responsible for the taxes of the insolvent taxpayers, that lived on their land, was, on motion of Mr. Sinclair, indefinitely postponed.

A message from the Senate was received, asking the concurrence of the House in Senate bill No. 32.

[This bill provides for the appointment of a joint committee of five from the two Houses, to confer with the Governor and Heads of Departments, as to what legislation is necessary to put the machinery of the new State Government into operation, in order that the Legislature might adjourn at an early day.]

The House concurred, and the Speaker appointed Messrs. Bowman, Laflin (c. b.,) and Price (a dusky hued individual, in times gone by called a negro) as the House branch of the Committee.

The Senate bill [illegible]ide for the representation of stock [illegible]antic and North Carolina railroad [illegible] of the counties of Carteret, Chowan [illegible]noir, was taken up.

Mr. Davis moved to post the bill. The motion was sustained, and the printing ordered.

CALENDAR.

Proctor's resolutions providing for the distribution of the property of insolvent debtors, was read and adopted.

House resolution No. 16, offered by Vestal, instructing the Committee on Judiciary to report a bill that the bonds of officers shall not exceed the liabilities of their offices, was next [illegible]ched, read and adopted.

House resolution No. [illegible]ntroduced by McCanless, inviting [illegible]tion to the State, was, on motion [illegible]Mr. Sinclair, referred to the Committee on Immigration.

House resolution of[illegible] Leary, (negro,) requiring the Com[illegible]ee on Elections to report a uniform system of registration of electors of the State. Adopted.

House resolution offered by Gilbert, raising a joint select Committee to report a bill in accordance with the provisions of an ordinance, passed by the late Convention, in regard to the landless portion of the population of the State. Adopted.

A message was ordered to be sent to the Senate, informing them of the adoption of the above, and asking their concurrence.

House bill, introduced by Smith, of Martin, repealing all stay laws, to take effect on and after the 1st of January, 1869, was next reached and read.

On motion of Mr. Sinclair, it was referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

House bill offered by Abbott, (illustrious carpet-bagger, who has left his native State and taken up his abode in New Hanover,) providing an office for the Superintendent of Public Instruction, (the Pilgrim from Buzzard's Bay, an ardent admirer of the ambitious Gineral's,) passed its 2nd. reading, by a vote of yeas 66, nays 18.

On motion of Mr. Bowman, the House then adjourned until to-morrow morning, at ½ past 10 o'clock.

HOW ABJECT!

When the Howard Amendment was under consideration in the Senate, Major Robbins, the able and patriotic Senator from Rowan and Davie, offered a resolution declaring that the fundamental condition in the Omnibus Bill which seeks to restrict the right of the State hereafter to regulate suffrage through an amendment to her Constitution shall be forever held as without legal force and effect as to this State. The propriety of this resolution was so manifest that it seemed impossible that any Senator or Representative who had the least respect for the rights of the State, and of the people of the State, could be found to vote against it.—An acceptance of the said fundamental condition by the State of North Carolina is an acceptance by her of an inequality of rights—of a degraded place in the Union. Yet strange to say the resulution was rejected by nearly a strict party vote, only one Republican, Mr. Wilson, of Stokes and Forsythe, voting for it. But fortunately the sovereign power of the State resides in the ture. Consequently the acceptance, without protest, by the Legislature, of the conditions sought to be imposed does not in any degree impair the rights of the State. Yet, as we have said, the resolution offered by Major Robbins was one of eminent propriety, as it was certainly fit that the Legislature should, in the name of the people whom they represent, enter their protest against the attempted imposition of a degrading and unconstitutional condition intended to deprive the State of one of her dearest sovereign rights.

But abject as we knew the Republican leaders to be, we were not prepared for the result. We had expected the exhibition of at least some slight remnant of manhood on this question. But with the single exception of Mr. Wilson, who we believe to be an honest and patriotic man, none was exhibited by them. They seem to think that loyalty consists only in a cringing, fawning subserviency to the behests of the radical party, and not in a manly effort to preserve the Constitution of the United States. By their acts they seem plainly to say to Congress, "We are ready to eat all the dirt you may ask and to eat it cheerfully. We think there is no greater virtue than that of abject slavery to our master."—*Old North State.*

A queer looking traveling vehicle passed through the city yesterday. It was a regular inhabitable establishment, being something on the style of an ambulance, with a sleeping room containing a bed in the rear. Its occupants were a man, who claims to be a Missourian and an ex-Confederate, his wife and one or two children. He states that he is merely passing through that portion of the country where he footed it during the war, from a desire to again behold the same scenes. His idea is as queer as his vehicle.—*Wil. Journal.*

VERY GOOD.—The New York *Tribune* says: "Mr. Forney is surprised and angry because the Southerners who have come as delegates to the Convention are so well received and hospitably treated in New York. He thinks they should be reminded of their rebellion and their wickedness in such a way that they should feel it. We would only remind Mr. Forney that the name of this place is *New York.*"

It is one of the "signs of the times" that Gen. Grant, on his late trip from Washington to Cincinnati, in the cars, although announced that he was on the road, was not noticed at any one of the stations between the two cities—not even in the great Radical city to which he was bound! There was not even a bouquet sent to him by a lady! The fact is, the people have nearly forgotten that he is a candidate.

General Meade has issued an order declaring Colonel J.H. Custy, the Democratic candidate from the sixth district of Georgia, duly elected. Georgia, so far, has done better than any of the other "reconstructed" States—four out of her seven Congressmen being Democrats.

VINE HILL ACADEMY.

Scotland Neck, N. C.

THIRD SESSION begins July 10th. Tuition $40 and and $25. Board and tuition, including every thing except washing, $125. Address J. M. LOVEJOY.

July 1-2aw4w

School Notice.

THE SIXTH SESSION of the School of Miss FRANCES A. HAYWOOD will commence on Monday, the 13th of July, at the residence of Miss E. E. Haywood, East of the State Bank.

July 8-td*

CORN! CORN! CORN!

1,000 BUSHELS CORN,—PRIME WHITE! The cheapest in town. For sale by DOUGLAS BELL,

July 11-tf

MARRIED:

At Woodlawn, the residence of the bride's mother, in Halifax County, on the morning of the 8th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Falls, Mr. M. A. HAMILTON, of Baltimore, Md., to Mrs. SALLY B. GEE, of Halifax Co.

In Memoriam.

Died in Caddo parish, at his plantation on Red River, a few miles below the City of Shreveport, on the 22nd of June, 1868, aged about 69 years, Hon. JOHN R. J DANIEL.

He was a native of Halifax County, North Carolina. In the year A. D. 1821, he graduated at the University of his native State, with the first honor, in a class several members of which have risen to distinction. Gen. Daniel studied law and practiced with great success.

In 1831, he entered political life as a member of the House of Commons. In 1834, he was elected Attorney General of the State. The duties of this office he discharged with great fidelity and ability. In 1841, he was elected a member of Congress, and continued in that position for 12 years, when he declined a re-election. He was for some years Chairman of the Committee on Claims; a position of great responsibility, delicacy and labor. His character and investigating mind carried him successfully through its heavy duties, and gained for him the name of "Honest John Daniel." Not popular clamor, nor the blandishments or threats of those in power could move him from his fixed constancy to an honest purpose.

"*Justum ac tenacem propositi virum.*"

[*Caddo (La.) Gazette.*] R. J.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Soap, Soap.

20 BOXES LAUNDRY SOAP. N. C. and Va. make. W. H JONES & CO.

July 14-tf. Auct'rs and Com. Merchants.

GENUINE IMPORTED

WINES & LIQUORS.

CHAMPAGNE OF THE FOLLOWING brands:

"Carte Blanche."
"Bouzy Exquis"
"Fleur de Sillery."
"Heidsick"

Choice N.C. Scuppernong, on draught and in cases.

Port, Madeira and Sherry, in cases
Pure French and Apple Brandy.
" Rye and Corn Whiskey
" Holland Gin.
" Jamaica Rum.
" Blackberry Wine.
" " Brandy.

W. H. JONES & CO.

July 14-tf Auc. & Com. Merchants.

Mecklenburg Female College.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

REV. A. G. STACY, A. M., President.

NEXT SCHOOL YEAR WILL COMMENCE October 1st, 1868.

A full corps of able and accomplished Instructors will be at their posts.

Rates as low as can be afforded in a first class Female College. The last scholastic year has just closed. One hundred and fifty-four pupils having been enrolled. Address THE PRESIDENT,

July 14-tf Charlotte, N. C.

MODERN GOLGOTHA!

PLACE FOR THE SKULL!!

10 DOZEN NEW STYLE AND ELEGANT qualities of

PANAMA, PEERLESS, AND CANTON BAVARIAN

HATS!!

Something NICE AND CHEAP for this hot Summer Weather, for

Gents, Ladies and Boys.

Just received by Express, this day.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.,

Raleigh, July 14, 1868-tf

For Sale.

A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF

TIN WARE,

Consisting of Coffee Pots, Covered Buckets, Wash Basins, Pans Cups, Pie Plates, Pepper Boxes and Strainers,—to be sold low.

W. H. JONES & CO.,

July 13-tf Auct'rs & Com. Merchants.

Almonds, Almonds.

TWO BARRELS SOFT SHELL ALMONDS. For sale by W. H JONES & CO.,

July 13-tf Auction'rs & Com. Merchants.

For Sale.

5,000 CHEAP CIGARS, to close consignment. W. H JONES & CO.,

July 13-tf Auct'rs & Com. Merchants.

GLASS PRESERVE JARS, STONE JARS, JUGS AND CHURNS, OLD DOMINION NAILS, MOULDING, BEAD, JACK AND FORE PLANES.

Just received at THOS. H. BRIGGS'.

July 10-tf

RALEIGH SASH, BLIND AND DOOR FACTORY.

All orders promptly attended to. THOS. H. BRIGGS, Proprietor.

July 10-tf

I. O. O. F.

THE NEXT ANNUAL MEETING of the R. W. Grand Lodge, of Independent Order Odd Fellows, of the State of North Carolina, will be held in the Hall of Concordia Lodge, No. 11, in the town of Beaufort, on Tuesday, the 21st day of July inst.

A full representation of the Lodges in the State is especially desired.

J. W. GULICK, Gran: Secretary.

July 10-td

Henderson Collegiate Institute,

HENDERSON, N. C.

FRED A. FETTER, A. M., Principal.
CHARLES FETTER, A. B., Assistant.

THE FIFTH SESSION of this Institution will open on Wednesday, 1st July, 1868.

Course of study designed to prepare boys for any University, or for business.

TERMS:

For Session of 20 weeks—half in advance, balance on the 1st September:

Tuition and Board (with the Principal,) fuel and lights included, $115.00.

Each Student is required to furnish a pair of blankets, a pair of sheets, a pair of pillow-cases and his towels.

Circulars sent on application

June 16—3taw1m

R. H. GRAVES' SCHOOL, WILLIAMSBORO', N. C.

COURSE OF STUDIES: Ancient Languages and English Branches, including, if desired, the higher Mathematics and Book-keeping.

TERMS:—For Tuition and Board, per Session of 20 weeks, one hundred and thirty dollars in advance. Each Pupil providing for himself, one pair of Sheets, one pair of Pillow-cases, washing and lights.

The Fall Session of 1868 opens on Monday, 13th of July.

June 20-aw1m

LOUISBURG MALE ACADEMY, FRANKLIN COUNTY, N. C.

THE FALL SESSION of this Institution will begin on the second Monday in July, 1868.

TERMS PER SESSION OF 21 WEEKS:

Board with the Principals, (washing, lights and towels not included,)	$70 00
Tuition in Primary Department,	15 00
" Regular English Course,	20 00
Latin, Greek and French, each, extra,	5 00

Board must be paid quarterly in advance. All accounts for Tuition are due at the close of the session, and will be promptly presented for payment.

Circulars sent on application.

M. S. DAVIS, A. M. } Principals.
W. J. KING, A. M. }

June 19-4w

COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS.

Louisburg Female College, FRANKLIN CO., N. C.

THE FALL SESSION OF 1868 will begin on the 13th day of August.

The success of the institution, under its present administration, has far surpassed the expectations of its most sanguine friends.

CHARGES PER SESSION OF 20 WEEKS:

Board (exclusive of washing and lights) and Tuition in the regular English course and Ancient Languages, $100. Extra Studies moderate. $50 in advance,—remainder at the end of the session.

ADVANTAGES.

An able, energetic, and successful Faculty; an extensive and wisely arranged course of study; a judicious and thorough system of instruction; a select Chemical and Philosophical apparatus; a good Library; fine Musical Instruments; a beautiful, pleasant, and healthful location; a large, commodious building, with rooms well ventilated and well warmed in winter; excellent water, good fare; kind attention to the wants of the pupils; mild and efficient government, and ample Religious privileges.

For Circulars, containing full particulars, apply to T. M. JONES, President.

June 15-tf

TRINITY COLLEGE, N. C.

THE FALL TERM commences Aug. 5, 1868.

EXPENSES.

Tuition, per term	$30 00
Tuition in Preparatory and special Schools	20 00 to 30 00
Board, including furnished room, per month	11 00 to 12 00
Whole expense, including tuition, board, washing, fuel and Janitor's fee, per term	75 00 to 95 00

All expenses to be paid in currency; Board monthly in advance; Tuition, one half in advance, the remainder at the middle of the term; books and stationery on delivery.

Any departure from these regulations must be by special arrangement.

Indigent young men and patrons, desiring some indulgence, should correspond with the President of the Faculty.

For full information as to course of study, Special Schools &c., send for a Catalogue.

On all matters pertaining to the College, apply to Dr. Craven, Trinity College, N. C.

I. T. WYCHE, Sec. Board Trustees.

July 2-eod1w* Sec. Board Trustees.

Wilmington Journal, Norfolk Journal, Danville Times, Charlotte Democrat and Wadesboro Argus publish four times each, and send bill to Rev. Dr. Craven, at Trinity.

BINGHAM SCHOOL, MEBANEVILLE, N. C.

FALL TERM opens July 22nd. Address Col. WM. BINGHAM.

June 20-1m.

Wake Forest College, N. C.

THE FALL TERM OF THIS INSTITUTION will open on the first day of August, 1868, with the prospect of increased patronage and success. The complete success given at the recent Commencement of the adaptedness of the University system to the wants of the times, and of its feasibility, encourages it friends to believe that the College has entered upon a career of popularity and usefulness hitherto unknown in its history. The financial embarrassments to which all Southern Colleges have been subjected are not felt to the same extent at Wake Forest, as at some others, in consequence of the considerable amount of original endowment saved, and of the favorable reception with which the Agent of the College meets in securing additional funds. An expenditure of more than $2,000 has been recently made in improving the condition of the building and grounds.

Determined to bring its advantages within reach of the largest number possible, the Trustees, seconded by the community, have reduced the price of Board and Tuition to the lowest practicable rates.

The officers of instruction are gentlemen of tried ability in their several departments, and the success attending their efforts in the past is the best guarantee the public can have for the future.

The location of the College, in point of healthfulness and accessibility, (being situated on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, a few miles from the Capital of the State,) is not surpassed by that of any, and presents [illegible] inducements to patronage of no ordinary kind.

A system of PUBLIC LECTURES on literary and scientific subjects has been introduced, with a view to increase the interest of the young men in the several departments of study, and to furnish additional incentives to investigation and research.

Extensive and well selected LIBRARIES belonging to the Societies, and complete APPARATUS, PHILOSOPHICAL and CHEMICAL, are not to be omitted in the enumeration of the advantages possessed.

Another encouraging feature is that there are, at present, thirteen young men engaged in studies preparatory to the work of the Ministry; and it may not be amiss to state that any Minister, who may apply for admission, will receive tuition in all the departments free of charge, and those of this class, who are without means, are encouraged to apply to the Board of Education for further assistance.

EXPENSES IN CURRENCY:

Tuition for Preparatory School (per Session)	$30,00
" " Collegiate Course, " "	35 00
Board per week in private families (table fare)	2 50 to 3.00
Board, per week, with lodging,	3 0 to 3.75
Room rent (to those lodging in College Building) per session	3.00
Servants' hire " "	3.00
Washing, per month,	1.50

No Student is permitted to register his name until College dues are paid.

W. T. BROOKS, Sec. Board of Trustees.

June 22-d&wtAug15

Thomasville Female College, THOMASVILLE, N. C.

THE FALL SESSION of this institution will commence on Tuesday, the 4th of August, and continue twenty weeks.

BOARD: $40 per month, and other charges proportionally low. SIXTY DOLLARS must be prepaid by each young lady on entering, and the balance at the close of the term.

The Faculty is full and composed of able and experienced Teachers. The course is extensive embracing all the solid and ornamental branches taught in other Female Colleges. The religious advantages are unsurpassed.

This College is located between Salisbury and Greensboro', in one of the most beautiful and healthy towns on the N. C. Central Railroad, and is in two miles of the celebrated "Holton Chalybeate Springs." And at the additional expense of 25 cents per day, any of the "College girls" can have the constant use of the water.

For Circulars, containing full particulars, address Rev. D. R. BRUTON, President.

June 24-d2aw.swAwtl0th aug.

SPARKLING CATAWBA SPRINGS. Catawba County, N. C.

THIS CELEBRATED WATERING PLACE will be open for visitors from June 1st to December 1st.

The medical properties of the waters, both Sulphur and Chalybeate, unrivalled. Accommodations unsurpassed, and a healthier and more delightful place not to be found.

The Proprietor has gone to great expense to improve and beautify the Springs, with an eye to the comfort of his guests, and promises every thing will be done to add to the pleasure of all who may honor him with a visit.

Take the Western N. C. Railroad at Salisbury, either on Monday, Wednesday, or Friday morning, to Hickory Station, where you will find Hacks for the Springs, a distance of six miles over a beautiful well shaded road.

A good band of MUSIC will be at the Springs the entire season. Board $30 per month; $18 per week or $3 per day. Children under ten years of age, and servants, half price. Bath houses complete for pool, plunge, shower or tub baths, and sulphur baths cold or hot.

J. GOLDEN WYATT, Proprietor.

Sparkling Catawba Springs, Catawba Co., N. C. June 1-d3w3m.

Charlotte Female Institute, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

REV. R. BURWELL, } Principals.
JNO. B. BURWELL, A. M. }

THE NEXT SESSION will commence on the 1st of October, 1868, and continue until 30th June, 1869.

The Session is divided into two terms of twenty weeks each, and pupils can be entered for the whole session or for one term.

The charge for Board (including every expense, washing, fuel, lights, &c.,) with Tuition in English Branches, will be $130, per term of 20 weeks. Music, Ancient and Modern Languages, Drawing and Painting, *extra*, at usual charges.

For Circular and Catalogue, containing full particulars as to terms, &c., address Rev. R. BURWELL & SON,

July 11-3m Charlotte, N. C.

BOOK STORES.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,

OPPOSITE NATIONAL BANK,

RALEIGH, N. C.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE STOCK OF

SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD WORKS,

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, STATIONERY, FANCY ARTICLES, &c., &c.

Together with every article usually kept in their line of business.

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

AGENTS FOR

WILCOX & GIBBS' FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

June 22-3m

L. BRANSON, J. A. JONES
Ag't N. C. Business Directory.

BRANSON & JONES,

SUCCESSORS TO

Branson, Farrar & Co.,

CONTINUE THE BOOK BUSINESS AT THE same stand, near Tucker Hall, and still keep on hand a supply of

BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

at reduced prices.

Consignments of second hand Law and Miscellaneous Books solicited.

Particular attention paid to orders.

BRANSON & JONES, Raleigh, N. C.

Jan 29 148-tf

NICHOLSON'S ENCYCLOPEDIA, in 6 vols., just received and for sale at BRANSON & JONES

June 9-tf Raleigh,

New and Elegant Books,

JUST RECEIVED!

Globe edition of Dickens' Works,
" " Bulwer's "
" " Shakspeare's "
" " Burns' and others
Abbotsford Waverly Novels.

All new, nice and cheap, at

July 4-tf BRANSON & JONES'.

MISCELLANEOUS

JULY, 1868.

AS THE SEASON HAS CONSIDERABLY advanced, and money is scarce,

BARGAINS

may be had from our Large Stock of

DRY GOODS HATS, SHOES, TRUNKS,

&c., &c., &c.

NOW IS THE TIME for piece or package purchasers, and for Country Merchants.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

July 7-tf

MANUFACTURER OF

GOLD AND SILVER WARE

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND

Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Fine Cutlery, Table Ware, Fine Jewelry, Spectacles,

and all articles usually found in a first-class establishment.

Call and see.

June 1-3m

COLGATE & CO'S GERMAN ERASIVE SOAP,

THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. For Sale by all Grocers.

Jan. 29—ly

Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, at the expiration of thirty days from the date hereof, application will be made to the General Assembly of North Carolina, for the passage of a Bill granting a Charter for purposes of Insurance to a Company to be known as the "NORTH CAROLINA MUTUAL HOME INSURANCE COMPANY."

Raleigh, N. C., July 8th, 1868-w4w

CABBAGE SEED.

Large Late Drumhead.
Large Late Flat Dutch.
Drumhead Savoy, &c., for sale by

JORDAN & CARR, Druggists.

Petersburg, July 6-tf

DR. CHALONER'S CHOLERA MEDICINE cures Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Cramps and Pains in the Stomach and Bowels. For sale by JORDAN & CARR, Druggists.

Petersburg, July 6-tf

OIL OF BAY LEAVES!

The best article known for beautifying and preserving the HAIR. Prepared and sold by JORDAN & CARR, Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Sycamore, corner Washington St.

July 6-tf Petersburg, Va.

FRESH TURNIP SEED.

Large White Flat Dutch.
Large White Norfolk.
Red Top Strap Leaved and
Purple Top Yellow Ruta Bags.

Just received by JORDAN & CARR, Wholesale and Retail Druggists,

July 6-tf Petersburg, Va.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

TUESDAY, JULY 14, 1868.

RATIFICATION MEETING!

A Mass-Meeting to ratify the nominations of SEYMOUR and BLAIR, by the National Democratic Convention, in New York, will be held in this city, on Wednesday evening, at 8 o'clock. Prominent speakers will be present and address the meeting. The *place* of meeting will be announced to-morrow morning.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

The Democratic and Conservative members of the General Assembly, after consultation with other gentleman in this city, have determined to call a STATE CONVENTION of delegates representing the Democratic and Conservative masses of each County, to assemble in this City, on the 13th, of August next, being the second Thursday of said month. Our friends in each County are urged to call County meetings, form Clubs, and make arrangements at once to send delegates to the State and District Conventions.

July 13th, 1868.

THE CAUCUS LAST NIGHT.

On the first ballot, Pool was nominated in caucus, *last night*—Monday. Then ballot after ballot, principally between Dockery and Abbott, until midnight, when Abbott received the nomination, by a vote of 63 to 46.

So the East has it. They say that Wilmington represents the *West*, on account of the Railroads, and hence Abbott was entitled to it.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—The next school year of Mecklenburg Female College (Rev. A. G. Stacy, A. M., President) will commence on the 1st. day of October. This is one of the very first Institutions of learning in the country, and is in the full tide of success.

Genuine imported Wines and Liquors:—W. H. Jones & Co.

Laundry Soap: W. H. Jones & Co.

New styles and elegant qualities of Hats: Messrs. W. H. & R. S. Tucker & Co.

DEATHS.—Abraham Kline, one of our leading Merchants, departed this life on Sunday evening, at his residence, in this City. He had been in failing health for some time, but hopes were entertained that a sojourn at some of the Springs would result in his restoration. Mr. Kline was much esteemed by his acquaintances. His remains were escorted to the Raleigh & Gaston Depot, on yesterday morning, by the Masonic Fraternity, of which he was, at the time of his death, a Junior Warden.

Mr. George Hines, a worthy young citizen of the place, and a son of the late Hon. Richard Hines, also died in this City, on

FINE ONIONS.—We are indebted to William M. Andrews, Esq., of this city, for a lot of the finest and largest onions we have ever seen. Mr. A. is "some" on gardening, generally, and his onions can't be beat.

MAYOR'S COURT.—Wm. H. Roberts was up for stealing vegetables—potatoes and beets—from Gen. Cox; he was caught in the act. Vegetables recovered and delivered to the owner, and the defendant sent on to Court for trial.

Henry Plummer, colored, charged with stealing a lot of clothing, &c., from Burrill Person, colored, was returned to Court.

Henry Plummer, colored, charged with stealing $5 in U. S. currency from Joe White, colored, was sent on to Court for trial.

SPELLING CLERKS, &c.—It has been an old custom, in North Carolina, to call the Assistant Clerks of the House and Senate *Reading Clerks*. So the two bodies thought when their votes were cast for Assistant Clerks this time. We learn the Assistant Clerk of the House is hardly a good *spelling* Clerk. It must be a slow team, with Boner and Candler. The carpet bagger Byrne, of the Senate, from what we learn, is the only real Clerk in the whole business. When the Radicals are hard pressed, as we know they must be, we do not object to a carpet bagger being *fitted* in; that is, when he *does fit*. But what we complain of is, that carpet-baggers are forcing themselves into positions, where our native scallawags can do better. As, for instance, such men as French, and Deweese, and Ashley, and Menninger, and Heaton, and Tourgee, and Abbott, and others, of the same sort, immodestly pushing themselves into positions where they are not wanted, and which can be so much better filled by native men. Have Abbott and Heaton, for instance, such claims upon the people of North Carolina, or, rather, upon North Carolina Radicals, for the U. S. Senate, as Gen. Dockery, Mr. Pool, Lt. Gov. Caldwell, Dr. Sloan, A. H. Jones, or Mr. Logan? We think not. Gen. Abbott's conduct in the House indicates that he considers himself the Great Mogul—the controlling spirit of the body. Some may, therefore, vote for him, to-day, to get rid of him.

CONVENTION AND SERGEANT AT ARMS.—There is some talk about two Sergeants at Arms for the General Assembly. Such a proposition to a *real* North Carolina Legislature would be laughed out of countenance. Our Radical friends have so fallen in love with the carpet baggers, we fear, that they are ready for any innovation, that will make an office for any of them. We hope there are some men in the Senate and House, who, although they have been acting with the Radicals and call themselves Republicans, are not quite ready to ignore the tax-paying people of North Carolina altogether, and go on creating offices and showing no regard for the public treasury. There is no earthly use for Sergeants at Arms or Reporters. By the way, would it be proper for the General Assembly to call upon the Public Treasurer for a full statement of the items of expense incurred for the Convention, how the Sergeant at Arms was paid, how much, &c? Heretofore, the Public Treasurer has been the disbursing officer of the State. He is properly the responsible man, and he is paid for all these services in his salary. Why pay a Sergeant at Arms to do his work?

FREEDOM OF THE PRESS.

Every Dictionary in the English language defines a negro to be "a native or *descendant* of the black race of men in Africa."

The "*descendants* of the black race of men in Africa" have been called *negroes* in all ages and in all countries, for a time whereof "the memory of man runneth not to the contrary."

In all the discussions in Congress, *negroes* are called "negroes," and nothing else that we know of.

In the Chicago Convention, in all the speeches, and in as many as twenty instances, that we noticed at the time, *negroes* were designated as "negroes."

Our Reporter has been excluded from the floor, lobbies and galleries of the miserable so called "House of Representatives," for the "offence" of following the Dictionary, Congress, the Chicago Convention, common usage and common sense!

GEN. ABBOTT AGAIN.

"He had been abused and slandered by the Conservative press, and now that they (the Radicals) had the power, he was in favor of showing no mercy whatever."

Gen. Abbott's speech.

That has the real Radical-Holden-Puritanic ring. Are carpet baggers astonished at the course of the *Sentinel*, when such sentiments are uttered and practiced upon by leaders like Abbott and Holden? Now we say to Gen. Abbott, *go it*, and we will pay you back in your own coin. *No mercy!*—No. Conservatives look for none, yet they have a right to expect and claim gentility from gentlemen. But they do not look for blood out of a turnip.

THE NORTH CAROLINA RAILROAD.

Our Reporter furnishes us the following episode, heretofore omitted, in the closing proceedings of the late meeting of Stockholders:

"Mr. Henderson moved to adjourn.

Mr. Turner said he hoped the motion would be withdrawn. He had a resolution to offer.

Mr. Henderson thought it was time to adjourn.

Mr. Turner said it was a Christian motion he desired to make; it related to women, children and the Church.

Mr. Henderson said he would withdraw his motion to adjourn.

Mr. Turner knew he would withdraw his motion to adjourn, in order to build a Church; for, if there is any thing the gentleman was in need of, it was *prayer*. He was sorry there were so few stockholders present. He wished every man, that owned a share, was present, to participate in the gracious act of aiding in the erection of a Church at the Shops. The ladies at the Shops, of all denominations, had joined in a petition to the Stockholders, asking aid in the erection of a Church. He moved to give them one thousand dollars.

Mr. Henderson moved to amend, by adding that the Board of Directors be authorized, at their discretion, to give them a sum, not to exceed $1,000. He hoped Mr. Turner would accept his amendment.

Mr. Turner said he could not do so. The petition of the ladies for aid was to the Stockholders, and not to the Board.

The Chairman suggested that it were better [illegible] and amendment to

Gen. Rufus Barringer said he should vote against the proposition and the amendment. He doubted the policy of appropriating money for Churches, when the Company was in debt, and inquired if the gentleman would pay in bonds or money.

Gen. Laflin said he preferred to refer the matter to the Board.

Mr. Turner called for a Stock vote, as that was the order of the day.

Mr. Henderson said as the Board was responsible for all expenditures, and had the power to act in this matter, it should be left to them, first, to investigate, and, in their discretion, to act. He believed every member of the Board would vote for it.

Col. William Johnson said that the gentleman was mistaken as to the powers of the Board. They could not spend money in gifts and donations—not one dollar. It was proper the Stockholders should do so, and he should vote for it.

Mr. Turner said it seemed there would be but one vote against it. Then why delay? All the Board are now pledged to it—every Stockholder present, except Gen. B., favors it. He saw no reason for delay; delay would mar the grace of the good act. There were one hundred children at the Shops. They and their mothers were deeply interested in this new Church. Our excellent Secretary, Mr. Stagg, expects to make glad the hearts of every woman and child on the Hill, when he get home with the good news of aid from the Stockholders to build the Church. He will be ashamed to go home with the cold news to the mothers and children, that the Stockholders referred their petition to the Board. There is no question at the Shops which excites half the interest of the Church question. It is so; and it is proper it should be so, for there is no Church there. It is eminently proper, for it is the Christian duty of the Stockholders to aid in putting one there.—Whether you will aid or not, the Christian mothers of one hundred children are determined to have a Church, in which they and their husbands and children can assemble and give thanks and sing praises to the Giver of all, when the week's work is ended. Upon a division on the question, you will find all the Stockholders and Directors on one side, while Gen. B. and the d—l will be on the other.

The question, by the vote of the *State Proxy*, was referred to the Board of Directors, with the general understanding that the donation would be made.

The meeting then adjourned."

For the Sentinel.

MESSRS EDITORS:—A native of North Carolina would like to know what distinguished carpet-bagger it was, who recently said, in connection with the Senatorial election, that, "if the Northern element were taken out of the State, North Carolina would not have enough intelligence left to govern herself?"

Wonder how such braggadocio sets on the stomachs of such men as Pool, Dockery, Sloan, Paddy Cowles, *et als?*—candidates for Senatorial honors.

ALIQUIS.

For the Sentinel.

Messrs. Editors:—You will remember that our new Coroner made an attempt, some few weeks ago, to strike for higher fees, and that the matter was exposed by a Conservative, who still has some honesty left in his breast.

I observe in the *Standard* of Saturday a call signed "*Many Sheriffs*," requesting a meeting of all the Sheriffs, at an early day, in this city. "Business of great importance to each one (which should be attended to by the present Legislature) will come before the meeting," says Mr. "*Many Sheriffs*."

Now what do you suppose that meeting is for? Are the Sheriffs on a strike too.

E.

THE COURSE OF THE SOUTHERN DELEGATES TO THE GREAT CONVENTION.—Of the conduct of the Southern delegates, the New York *World* says:

"The Southern delegations deserve great praise for the dignity, good sense and propriety with which they have borne themselves in the convention. When the roll of States was called for naming candidates, the Southern delegates announced, one after another, that they had no candidate to present. They seemed to have no desire to dictate, but to be willing to accept whatever candidate should be deemed most available by the Democracy of the North. In the early ballotings they distributed, scattered and shifted their votes in such a way as to show that they were merely waiting and watching developments, with a view to co-operate at last with the majority of the Northern delegates. When Mr. Pendleton seemed to be the strongest, they began to concentrate upon him, as it to tell the North that they would cheerfully accept him if the North judged his nomination advisable. When it became evident that Pendleton could not be nominated, and Hancock grew strong, they again indicated by changing their votes their willingness to co-operate in the nomination of any candidate who possesses the confidence of the party. It is clear that the contest will not be protracted for a moment by the South after the North becomes sufficiently united to render a nomination possible."

TWO CHAMPIONS.—Plato Durham, the late champion of the white men and upholder of right and justice in the bogus Convention that was lately saddled upon North Carolina, is taking the same place in the House of Representatives. The name he but lately won for himself will be held in dearer in the hearts of the thousands who admire his manly course, as he continues to steadfastly cry out against the vices of the party which he is again called upon to combat in the Legislative halls of his State.

A champion is found in the Senate in the person of Mr. W. M. Robbins, whose voice has already been heard denouncing the steps which are being taken to degrade the State still more. His arguments against the ratification of the Howard amendment were both forcible and conclusive. May both Durham and Robbins continue to flourish, though they now grow in such an unhealthy clime!—*Roanoke News.*

HORATIO SEYMOUR.—The New York *Commercial Advertiser*, a very able and amongst the most respectable of Radical papers, says:

"Mr. Seymour is the ablest man in the Democratic party. Twice defeated as a candidate for Governor in this State, and twice elected to that high office, he is by all odds the most popular and formidable Democrat in this State. He has never held a national office, but he has been loaded with all the honors his State could give him.

Mr. Seymour is a strong nominee, and he will rally all the Democracy to him. As for disaffected Republicans, if there are any, he will draw quite as many as any other Democrat would."

DR. E. C. FISHER.—The Richmond *Dispatch*, referring to the inexcusable removal of Dr. Fisher, the skilful and experienced Superintendent of the Insane Asylum, says:

"The Conservative papers of North Carolina are indignant at the removal of Dr. Edward C. Fisher from the position of Superintendent of the lunatic asylum of the State. Dr. Fisher is a native of Richmond, and son of the late George Fisher. He is a physician of learning and skill; and from care of beings entrusted to no care can acquired a knowledge and tact in their management that make his services invaluable to the State. But there is nothing too important, nothing too sacred, to be saved from the ruthless hand of Radicalism—especially from the relentless and insatiable Governor Holden."

Raleigh & Gaston R. R. Stock.

I WILL SELL, ON THE 16TH OF JULY next, at the Office of the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad Company, in Raleigh, THIRTEEN (13) SHARES of Stock in said Company, belonging to the Trustees of Wake Forest College. TERMS CASH.

JAS. S. PURIFOY,
July 4-tds* Treasurer.

English and Classical School.

THE NEXT SESSION of my School will commence on Monday, the 13th July, to continue five calendar months.

A Session's tuition will be required in monthly payments, except in cases of protracted sickness.

JNO T. WOMBLE.

Raleigh, July 7-1w*

HOT SPRINGS, BATH COUNTY, VA.

James A. McClung ..... Manager.
S. C. Tardy & Co. ..... Proprietors.
J. E. Williams ..... Resident Physician.

NOW OPEN TO VISITORS.

THE HOTEL HAS BEEN RECENTLY ENlarged, and new Baths constructed. No expense or effort has been spared by the Proprietors to render this famous watering place as comfortable as possible to all visitors.

The Hot Waters here have been well known, for more than half a century, to possess, in a wonderful degree, tonic, alterative, detergent and stimulating properties, and have been justly celebrated for the cure of Rheumatism, Gout, Diseases of the Liver, Skin, Bladder and Womb, Paralysis, the result of injury or serous effusion, Contraction of Muscles and Joints, Diarrhœa and Dyspepsia, accompanied with Sore Mouth and Tenesmus.

Route from the North, *via* Orange and Alexandria Railroad, to Gordonsville; thence *via* Virginia Central Railroad to Millboro' or Covington Depot; thence by Trotter & Co's Stage Line over Turnpike Road to Hot Springs. Distance from Millboro' 29 miles, from Covington eighteen miles.

Route from the South, *via* Richmond or Lynchburg, and Virginia Central Railroad, to Millboro' or Covington.

Board $3 per day; $20 per week; $75 per month. For descriptive Pamphlets and Circulars apply to

S. C. TARDY & CO.
Post Office Box 517, Richmond Va.
Or to J. A. McCLUNG, Manager,
June 18-tjuly15 Hot Springs, Va.

SWEET SPRINGS,
MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA,

WILL BE OPENED for the reception of visitors JUNE 20th, and, as heretofore, will be kept as a strictly first-class hotel. Passengers from the South will take Tenn. & Va. R. R. to Bonsack's station, where first-class coaches will be in readiness to convey them to the Springs.

☞ Board $3 per day. June 13-tAug5

VIRGINIA MILITARY INSTITUTE, LEXINGTON, VA.

APPLICATIONS will be received at this time for the admission of 100 ADDITIONAL CADETS into this Institution. Those entering in the Summer months enjoy peculiar advantages in the special course of discipline and instruction, by which they are prepared for the regular studies which commence Sept. 1st.

Circulars will be sent on application.

FRANCIS H. SMITH.
may 13-Stawlwdeowtsept1. Supt.

WILSON SCHOOL,
Melville, Alamance County, N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION commences July 16th, 1868.

Board and Tuition, $125.

Each pupil will furnish two sheets, 2 pillow-cases and 1 blanket.

For circulars, apply to the Principal.

JNO. WILSON, Jr.,
June 24-1aw3w Principal.

TEACHER WANTED!

WANTED to employ a **Female Teacher** to take a private school of five or six scholars. She must be qualified to teach the English branches thoroughly.

Apply, for further information, at
July 9-2awif. THIS OFFICE.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Our Afternoon Dispatches.

CALIFORNIA.

[illegible]

Our Midnight Dispatches.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, July 13, P. M.

House.—Under the regular call, bills were introduced [illegible] to bring suits against Railroad companies [illegible] the Federal Court. Constructing [illegible] road from Washington to Cincinnati; [illegible] important matters.

A bill legalizing [illegible] of Arkansas tax Commissioners, passed.

Hon. Nesbit [illegible]ton and O. H. Dockery, members from [illegible] Carolina were sworn.

The House went into a Committee of the Whole on the Tariff Bill. Two hours debate ensued and the House adjourned [illegible] evening session.

Senate.—Fifteen different petitions from deserving Army Officers, asking increased pay, were presented.

The [illegible] bill was [illegible] and [illegible] at some length. Morton, of Indiana, and Sherman, of Ohio, favored the payment of Bonds, unless otherwise stipulated, in legal tenders. The question elicited much bitterness, and continued till adjournment.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 13, P. M.

Judge Fisher from Mississippi reports to the Republican Committee that Mississippi has gone Democratic by seven thousand, but claims that he can prove fifteen thousand frauds.

A Radical Committee is here from Virginia, urging changes in the recently passed election bill, as that it will open registration. The bill accords with their views, and will probably be introduced in the Senate.

Commodore James F. Miller, for forty-two years in service, is dead.

A delegation from Atlanta arrived here, and urges Congress to remove the political disabilities from the Radical members of the Georgia Legislature.

There is considerable talk and some positive assertion of a third party. Fremont, General Cary and Jno. Quincy Adams, are prominently named. Chase declines to co-operate in the movement.

FROM RICHMOND.

RICHMOND, July 13, P. M.

Gen. Stoneman has appointed James S. Tipton Judge of the Fifteenth Circuit *vice* Fulton resigned.

John H. Meshee, an old citizen of Hanover county was killed, yesterday by a negro.

Another registration before the August election is being prepared for at Military Headquarters.

FROM SOUTH CAROLINA—THE LEGISLATURE.

COLUMBIA, July 13, P. M.

A Bill passed its second reading validating the laws of the Provisional Government of the State, and [illegible] ratification of

Partizanship in the election of a Senator threatens schism in the Radical ranks. Election to-morrow.

FROM MOBILE—A GRAND RATIFICATION MEETING.

MOBILE, July 13, P. M.

A grand Seymour and Blair ratification meeting was held in this City on Saturday.

Bonfires illuminated the Streets and cannon were fired. Several thousand people, including many colored, were present, who made the meeting ring with shouts for the Democratic nominees. Speeches were made by Generals Morgan, Pettus, Shelley, Judges Brooks and Wood, Ex-Mayor Williams, Col. Colby, late of the Federal Army, and several others.

The meeting was the largest and most enthusiastic ever held here.

FROM SOUTH CAROLINA—ORDER FROM GENERAL CANBY.

CHARLESTON, July 13, P. M.

Gen Canby issued an order to-day, directing all military officers in the State to cease exercising any civil authority the upon President's proclamation of the adoption of the Fourteenth Amendment, at which time prisoners under charge will be turned over to the civil authorities. All prisoners, serving out sentences by military sentence, will be held. Writs of *habeas corpus* from the United States Courts are to be responded to, but to write from the State Courts, reply is to be made that the prisoner is held under authority of the laws of the United States and jurisdiction is exclusively in the United States courts.

FROM NEW ORLEANS—INAUGURATION OF THE NEW GOVERNOR.

NEW ORLEANS, July 13, P. M.

Warmouth, the new Governor, was inaugurated to-day in the Hall of the House of Representatives, in the presence of both Houses. The lobbies were densely packed.

The oath was administered by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. A number of the outgoing officials were present on the platform. The inaugural was brief, well written, but not very explicit. As to the future course, he says: "Refrain at this time from entering into any discussion of measures deemed of importance, but urge, however, immediate measures of repression of lawlessness and disorder now rife in the State—that we want peace and order; without it we can have no prosperity.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, July 13, P. M.

Cotton a shade lower. Sales of 1,000 bales at 32.

Gold closed strong at 1.41¼. Sterling 10¼.

Southern State bonds stronger and higher.

WILMINGTON, July 13, P. M.

Spirits Turpentine firmer at 39. Rosin, strained 2; No. 2 2.10; No. 1, 3. Pale 4.

Tar steady at 2.10.

LIVERPOOL July 13, P. M.

Cotton unchanged—sales of 10,000 bales.

Breadstuffs unchanged.

Warrenton Female Institute,
WARRENTON, N. C.

THE FIFTY-FIFTH SESSION will commence July 16th, 1868, with a full corps of efficient and experienced Instructors.

BOARD AND ENGLISH TUITION: One hundred dollars per session.

For further particulars, address

REV. W. C. HUNTER,
MRS M. J. WILCOX,
Or REV. M. M MARSHALL.
June 27-2awlm

SELECT SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.

THE next session of Mrs. V. C. Howell's Select School for Young Ladies will commence July 13th, 1868, and continue twenty weeks.

English branches, French and Music thoroughly taught.

For particulars, address

MRS. V. C. HOWELL,
July 8-3taw2w Raleigh, N. C.

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY

WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	60
" Cape Fear	28
" Charlotte	30
" Wadesboro	26
" Wilmington	27
" Boxboro	60
" Thomasville	20
" Graham	23
" Lexington (old)	18
" " (new)	10
" Commerce	18
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	10
" Washington	3
" Yanceyville	3
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	60
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro', (old)	28
" " (new)	13
Miners' and Planters' Bank	40
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	27
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co., (old)	6
Virginia Bank Notes average about	28
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	25

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

Oct. 26-29tf-3m

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

H. W. PULLIAM, President.

W. H. WILLARD, GEO. W. SWEPSON,
A. S. MERRIMON, W. J. HAWKINS.

C. DEWEY, Cashier.
J. C. BLAKE, Teller.

Deals in Bills of Exchange, Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, and Government and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at highest prices. Packages sent by Express will be remitted for promptly, in currency, or in New York funds at par.

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 26) G. B.	55
" Cape Fear	30
" Charlotte	30
" Lexington, at Graham, new 10, old	16
" Roxborough	60
" Wadesborough	27
" Thomasville	20
" Wilmington	30
" Commerce	16
" Washington	3
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	3
Miners' and Planter's Bank	40
Commercial Bank, Wilmington, new 10, old	20
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	60
Greensborough Mutual	6
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	22
Georgia "	23
Gold	138
Silver	133
Old Coupons	62
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	87½
Old Sixes	72
Exchange on New York	¼
R. & G. Railroad Stock	40

R. H. COWAN & CO.,
General Commission and Shipping Merchants,
AND
WHOLESALE GROCERS.

Agents for M. Davis & Son's (Liberty, Va.,) celebrated Virginia Chewing Tobacco.
Agents for Lister Bro's Superphosphate of Lime.
Agents for Vulcan Iron Works, Richmond, Va.

R. H. COWAN,
JNO. W. CAMERON,
JAS. H. HILL.
} Wilmington, N. C., No. 32 North Water St.
June 26, 1868-1y

JULY, 1868.

ANDREWS,

THE CLOTHIER.

(Opposite Tucker Hall.)

SPECIAL OPENING.

Elegant Dress Suits, Latest Style;
Plain and Fancy Cassimere Suits;
White Duck Linen Suits;
Boys' Brown Linen Suits;
Youths' Cassimere Suits;
Fine Dress Shirts;
Gauze Merino Under Shirts;
Linen Drawers;
Jean Drawers;
Cravats and Suspenders;

Together with every article usually kept in a gentleman's first class FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT.

☞ *The prices to suit the times.*
July 2-tf

Select Boarding and Day School, HILLSBORO', N. C.

THE MISSES NASH AND MISS KOLLOCK, PRINCIPALS.

THE FALL TERM OF 1868 opens July 24th and closes Dec 10th.

Circulars furnished on application.
July 4-3tawlm

J. H. HORNER'S
Classical and Mathematical School, OXFORD, N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION will open the THIRD MONDAY IN JULY.

Terms as heretofore, except that no Stage fare between Oxford and Henderson will be charged to Students, either coming or returning.

June 26-2w*

YOUNG'S BOARDING HOUSE,

NEAR THE YARBROUGH HOUSE,
FAYETTEVILLE STREET, RALEIGH, N. C.
Board, per Day, $2,00.

Liberal deductions made on Board by the Month. Rooms large, comfortable and well furnished.

FARE GOOD.
June 6-1m

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

ASSETS, $9,000,000.

No. POLICIES 52,700.

DIVISIBLE SURPLUS $1,884,768,51.

DIVIDENDS. 50 per cent.

In these days of competition between Life Insurance Companies much is said by rival Agents, each claiming the Company he represents to be the best. Without saying anything in disparagement of any Company, or, by simple assertion, anything in its favor, the ÆTNA begs leave to refer to the annexed table, compiled from the OFFICIAL and SWORN statements of twenty of the largest Companies in America, made to the Insurance Commissioners of the State of New York. The table shows the ratio of expense to each $100 received by each Company, for the three years ending January 1, 1868.

It will be seen that the expenses of the ÆTNA are much lower than any other Company; and, after the average is struck, the ÆTNA, in 1865, saved $16.41 out of each $100 received—more than the average; in 1866, $7.17, and in 1867, $4.90. The receipts of the ÆTNA were, in 1865, $1,655,939; in 1866, $3,523,376, and in 1867, $5,129,447. Consequently, its savings in the three years were $677,913.39, to which add 7 per cent. interest to July 1, 1868: $120,293.64, making a grand total of $797,207 03 saved over the average of all other Companies.

This is the measure of success, as applied by the Hon Elisur Wright, the greatest of American actuaries, to all Companies, and simply means that the Company whose RATIO of expense to its income is the least, is the best able to pay large dividends to its policy holders. That the ÆTNA is THAT Company, these comparisons of official statements plainly show.

Official Statement showing the Expenses and Losses by the Twenty Largest Insurance Companies in America.

[FROM THE NEW YORK SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.]

NAMES.	Expenses and Claims paid out of each $100 of Income. 1865.	1866.	1867.	3 Years Average.
Connecticut Mutual	$ 33 87	$ 25 38	$ 28 90	$ 29 28
Charter Oak	32 62	29 26	28 20	30 02
Equitable	37 16	30 98	26 31	31 48
Globe Mutual	33 18	35 67	32 92	33 92
Germania	49 23	47 38	41 12	45 91
Guardian Mutual	40 67	31 20	36 50	35 92
Home	35 98	37 41	34 85	36 08
Knickerbocker	42 05	42 58	35 87	40 16
Mutual Life	38 84	30 03	22 78	30 54
Mutual Benefit	31 33	33 62	27 39	30 44
Manhattan	34 80	31 50	33 23	33 18
Mass. Mutual	38 14	33 44	36 40	35 99
New England Mutual	40 31	30 85	29 44	33 53
New York Life	37 09	28 26	29 48	31 61
North American	33 01	2[illegible] 49	24 71	26 73
Phœnix Mutual	37 06	30 97	29 30	30 44
Security	37 14	36 30	33 70	35 71
Union Mutual	32 06	29 98	26 98	29 66
Washington	42 20	46 40	41 77	44 45
Average of 19 Companies	37 11	33 51	31 56	33 96
The "ÆTNA"	26 70	26 32	26 66	26 56
Difference	10 41	7 19	4 90	7 04

	SAVED
The ÆTNA income for 1865 was $1,655,939, on which $10 41 per 100,	$172,317 05
" " " " 1866 " $3,523,376, " 7 19 " "	253,298 93
" " " " 1867 " $5,129,447 " 4 90 " "	251,342 90
To which add 7 per cent. compound interest to July 1, 1868	120,248 64
Giving a Total Saved by the ÆTNA in 3 years of	$ 797,207 03

In proof of these statements, the official reports can be seen, by all who wish, at the

Raleigh Branch Office,
W. H. CROW, Manager.

June 1-tf

PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

EDSON FESSENDEN, President. | JAMES F. BURNS, Secretary.

IN PRESENTING THE CLAIMS OF THE **PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY**, to the people of North Carolina, the Agent invites their attention to the following statements:—

1. It is a Mutual Company, the profits being divided among the insured.
2. Its insured are allowed to travel and reside in any part of the United States and Europe, at all seasons of the year.
3. Its dividends have averaged 50 per cent yearly, and are payable on the amount of premium paid by the insured.
4. Its policies are all NON-FORFEITING.
5. Its losses have been met by the annual interest received alone,—and a surplus of interest left over to swell the general fund belonging to the insured.
6. It has paid over $500,000 of losses, and NEVER CONTESTED A CLAIM.
7. Its rates of assurance are as cheap as any Company doing a SAFE business.
8. IT WILL NOT INSURE AN UNSOUND LIFE.
9. One half the premium will be received in the note of the insured—which note, in case of death, is NEVER deducted from the face of the policy.
10. IT HAS NO CONNECTION WITH FIRE INSURANCE.

Relative character of the Companies operating in North Carolina, as to their Assets and Liabilities, taken from the New York Insurance Report for the year 1867, which is the last report—showing how much of Assets each Company has to meet each dollar of Liability:

PHŒNIX MUTUAL	$1 74
ÆTNA	1 31
BROOKLYN	1 17
CONNECTICUT MUTUAL	1 65
EQUITABLE	1 24
MANHATTAN	1 42

The PHŒNIX MUTUAL offers peculiar inducements to citizens of the Southern States—its regulations with regard to residence and travel being almost unrestricted.

These statements are made from impartial reports in the hands of the Agents of the Company.

Principal Office, HARTFORD, CONN.

For further information, apply to the Travelling Agents, or to

WILLIAM H. BAGLEY,
General Agent for North Carolina,
Jan. 1—12tf-3m Raleigh, N. C.

BROOKLYN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ISSUES POLICIES OF ALL KINDS.
LIFE AND ENDOWMENT.

DIVIDENDS PAID ANNUALLY IN CASH.

ABSOLUTELY NO RESTRICTION UPON TRAVEL OR RESIDENCE

ALL POLICIES POSITIVELY NON-FORFEITABLE.

☞ Part of the premium loaned, and *no loan or premium note is a lien or claim* on the policy in case of death after the second year. ☜

THIS COMPANY OFFERS PECULIAR ADVANTAGES TO THE SOUTHERN PEOPLE. IT IS the most

LIBERAL COMPANY IN THE UNITED STATES.

Its rates being lower than those of other Companies.

Office, No. 141 Broadway, New York City.

WM. M. COLE, Secretary. | CHRISTIAN W. BOUCK, Pres.

Information gladly furnished in detail, by

A. W. LAWRENCE,
General Agent for the State of North Carolina.
Raleigh, N. C., March 23—1868-3m

The Daily Sentinel.

TUESDAY, JULY 14, 1868

Prime Mess Pork.

JUST RECEIVED, another consignment of PRIME MESS PORK, which will be sold at a reduced price. JAS. M TOWLES.
July 11—1w Commission Merchant.

Eggs, Eggs, Eggs,

50 DOZ. FRESH EGGS.
For sale at 15c. per dozen, by
July 11-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

IRISH POTATOES!!
For sale by
July 11-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Goldsboro' Female College.

THE FALL SESSION will open on the 1st Monday in August, and continue twenty weeks.
BOARD AND TUITION, exclusive of washing and lights, $35.00. Address
E. W. ADAMS, President.
July 11—last Sept. 1 Goldsboro'.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

THE THIRD session of Mrs. A. M. Gorman's School for girls and boys will commence on the fifteenth day of July next, at her residence in this city.
Terms: Three dollars per month, or fifteen dollars per session of five months—half pay invariably in advance.
July 2-4d.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO.,

BANKING,

Exchange and Collection Office,
FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
RALEIGH, N. C.
Dealers in Bank Notes, Coin, &c.

Prompt and particular attention given to the collection of Notes, Drafts, &c., in all parts of the country.
Refer to NATIONAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC, New York.
June 26-1m*

LAW SCHOOL.

THE NEXT SESSION of the LAW SCHOOL at Chapel Hill, will commence on the 15th of this month.
Instruction with reference to the new order of things will be attended to.
July 8-2w* WM. H. BATTLE.

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY!
44 Fayetteville Street.

FINE IVORY-HANDLED DINNER AND TEA Knives, Plated Forks, Table and Tea Spoons, Good Knives and Forks for Family use, Rogers and Westenholm's Congress Knives
J. BROWN,
Raleigh, July 8-tf With Hart & Lewis.

Raleigh & Gaston Railroad Co.,

RALEIGH, June 22d, 1868.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at the Office of the Company, in the City of Raleigh, on Thursday, July 16th, 1868.
The transfer books will be closed from 1st to 20th proximo, inclusive.
W. W. VASS,
June 23-td Treas. & Sec'y.

Chatham Railroad Company,

RALEIGH, June 23d, 1868.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the CHATHAM RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at the Office of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, in the City of Raleigh, on Monday, July 20, 1868.
W. W VASS,
June 23-td Treas. and Sec'y.

DIVIDEND.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad have declared a dividend of THREE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of the Company, payable at the Office of the Company, on and after July 16, 1868.
W. W. VASS, Treas'r.
June 27-tJuly31

1868, SPRING STOCK. 1868,
BOOTS, SHOES AND TRUNKS,
AT WHOLESALE ONLY!

WE HAVE RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
direct from the Manufacturers, which we will sell as low as goods of the same quality can be bought in New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore.
WYCHE & PARKER,
April 1-tf No. 3 Iron Front, up Stairs. Petersburg.

☞ Those buying for cash shall have the benefit of money.

NOTICE.

BY MUTUAL CONSENT, the copartnership of the firm of G. T. & W. C. STRONACH, is this day dissolved. All owing the late firm will come forward and promptly settle, except those by special contract.
GEO. T. STRONACH,
W. C STRONACH.
June 30-tf.

NOTICE.

We will conduct our business at the store formerly occupied by G. T. & W. C. STRONACH where, at all times, we will serve our customers with pleasure.
June 30-tf W. C. STRONACH & CO.

PHOTOGRAPHS!
GREAT INDUCEMENTS AT
WATSON'S GALLERY.

HAVING A LARGE STOCK OF PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES on hand I have concluded to reduce my stock by selling Frames and Cases, with Pictures complete, for about ONE HALF the usual price, for thirty days.
The stock is new and the finest assortment ever brought to this Market. CALL EARLY.
June 27-tf J. W. WATSON.

[COPY.]

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE COMP. OF THE CURRENCY,
Washington, June 18th, 1868.

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that THE STATE NATIONAL BANK OF RALEIGH, in the city of Raleigh, in the county of Wake and State of North Carolina, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3rd, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said Act, required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking, under said act:

NOW, THEREFORE I, Hiland R. Hulburd, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the "State National Bank of Raleigh," in the city of Raleigh, in the county of Wake, and State of North Carolina, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the Act aforesaid. In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this eighteenth day of June, 1868.

HILAND R. HULBURD,
Seal. Comptroller of the Currency.
No. 1,682.

STATE NATIONAL BANK,
RALEIGH, N. C.

DIRECTORS:
JOHN G. WILLIAMS, PRESIDENT.
W. E. ANDERSON, Cashier.
WM. E. MASON, W. W. VASS,
JAS. H. FOOTE

DEALERS IN EXCHANGE, Sight and Time bills, Gold and Silver Coin and Bullion, Government and State Stocks, Rail Road and other securities.
Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at the counter or remitted for on receipt, by Express, on most favorable terms, by check or in currency.
Deposits received and a general banking business carried on in all its branches.
July 1-tf.

For Rent.

TWO GOOD ROOMS, suitable for Offices, over the Book Store of WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.
Apply to A. WILLIAMS.
June 27-od2w

THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION!

THE PLATFORM.

"The Democratic party, in national convention assembled, reposing its trust in the intelligence, patriotism, and discriminating justice of the people, standing upon the Constitution as the foundation and limitation of the powers of the Government, and the guaranty of the liberties of the citizen, and recognizing the questions of slavery and secession as having been settled, for all time to come, by the war or the voluntary action of the Southern States in constitutional conventions assembled, and never to be renewed or re-agitated, do, with the return of peace, demand:

First.—Immediate restoration of all the States to their rights in the Union, under the Constitution, and of civil government to the American people.

Second.—Amnesty for all past political offences, and the regulation of the elective franchise in the States by their citizens.

Third.—Payment of the public debt of the United States as rapidly as practicable; all moneys drawn from the people by taxation, except so much as is requisite for the necessities of the Government, economically administered, being honestly applied to such payment, and where the obligations of the Government do not expressly state upon their face, or the law under which they were issued does not provide that they shall be paid in coin, they ought, in right and in justice, to be paid in the lawful money of the United States.

Fourth.—Equal taxation of every species of property according to its real value, including Government bonds and other public securities.

Fifth.—One currency for the Government and the people, the laborer and the office-holder, the pensioner and the soldier, the producer and the bondholder.

Sixth.—Economy in the administration of the Government; the reduction of the standing army and navy; the abolition of the Freedmen's Bureau (great cheering) and all political instrumentalities designed to secure negro supremacy; simplification of the system and discontinuance of inquisitorial modes of assessing and collecting internal revenue, so that the burden of taxation may be equalized and lessened, the credit of the Government and the currency made good; the repeal of all enactments for enrolling the State militia into national forces in time of peace; and a tariff for revenue upon foreign imports, and such equal taxation under the internal revenue laws as will afford incidental protection to domestic manufactures, and as will, with out impairing the revenue, impose the least burden upon and best promote and encourage the great industrial interests of the country.

Seventh.—Reform of abuses in the Administration, the expulsion of corrupt men from office, the abrogation of useless offices, the restoration of rightful authority to and the independence of the executive and judicial departments of the Government, the subordination of the military to the civil power, to the end that the usurpations of Congress and the despotism of the sword may cease.

Eighth.—Equal rights and protection for naturalized and native born citizens at home and abroad; the assertion of American nationality which shall command the respect of foreign Powers, and furnish an example and encouragement to people struggling for national integrity, constitutional liberty, and individual rights; and the maintenance of the rights of naturalized citizens against the absolute doctrine of immutable allegiance and the claims of foreign Powers to punish them for alleged crimes committed beyond their jurisdiction.

In demanding these measures and reforms we arraign the Radical party for its disregard of right, and the unparalleled oppression and tyranny which have marked its career. After the most solemn and unanimous pledge of both Houses of Congress to prosecute the war exclusively for the maintenance of the Government and the preservation of the Union under the Constitution, it has repeatedly violated that most sacred pledge, under which alone was rallied that noble volunteer army which carried our flag to victory.

Instead of restoring the Union, it has, so far as is in its power, dissolved it, and subjected ten States, in time of profound peace, to military despotism and negro supremacy.

It has nullified there the right of trial by jury; it has abolished the *habeas corpus*, that most sacred writ of liberty; it has overthrown the freedom of speech and the press; it has substituted arbitrary seizures and arrests, and military trials and secret star-chamber inquisitions for the constitutional tribunals; it has disregarded in time of peace the right of the people to be free from searches and seizures; it has entered the post and telegraph offices, and even the private rooms of individuals, and seized their private papers and letters without any specific charge or notice of affidavit, as required by the organic law; it has converted the American capitol into a bastile; it has established a system of spies and official espionage to which no constitutional monarchy of Europe would dare to resort; it has abolished the right of appeal on important constitutional questions to the supreme judicial tribunal, and threatens to curtail or destroy its original jurisdiction, which is irrevocably vested by the Constitution, while the learned Chief Justice has been subjected to the most atrocious calumnies merely because he would not prostitute his high office to the support of the false and partisan charges preferred against the President. Its corruption and extravagance have exceeded anything known in history, and by its frauds and monopolies it has nearly doubled the burden of the debt created by the war. It has stripped the President of his constitutional power of appointment even of his own Cabinet. Under its repeated assaults the pillars of the Government are rocking on their base, and should it succeed in November next, and inaugurate its President, we will meet, as a subjected and conquered people, amid the ruins of liberty and the scattered fragments of the Constitution; and we do declare and resolve that ever since the people of the United States threw off all subjection to the British Crown, the privilege and trust of suffrage have belonged to the several States, and have been granted, regulated, and controlled exclusively by the political power of each State respectively, and that any attempt by Congress, on any pretext whatever, to deprive any State of this right, or to interfere with its exercise, is a flagrant usurpation of power which can find no warrant in the Constitution; and it sanctioned by the people will subvert our form of government, and can only end in a single centralized and consolidated Government, in which the separate existence of the States will be entirely absorbed, and an unqualified despotism be established in place of a federal union of co-equal States; and that we regard the reconstruction acts (so called) of Congress as usurpations, and unconstitutional, revolutionary, and void; that our soldiers and sailors, who carried the flag of our country to victory against a most gallant and determined foe, must ever be gratefully remembered, and all the guarantees given in their favor must be faithfully carried into execution.

That the public lands should be distributed as widely as possible among the people, and should be disposed of either under the pre emption or homestead laws, and sold in reasonable quantities, and to none but actual occupants, at the minimum price established by the Government. When grants of the public lands may be allowed necessary for the encouragement of important public improvements, the proceeds of the sale of such lands, and not the lands themselves, should be so applied.

That the President of the United States, Andrew Johnson, (applause,) in exercising the power of his high office in resisting the aggressions of Congress upon the constitutional rights of the States and the people, is entitled to the gratitude of the whole American people, and in behalf of the Democratic party we tender him our thanks for his patriotic efforts in that regard."

DRY GOODS.

New Spring and Summer Goods for 1868,

CHEAP FOR CASH.

LOOK OUT FOR A. CREECH!

JUST RECEIVED, $15,000 worth of new Spring and Summer Goods, which must, at all events, be sold within the next sixty days, if possible—If you want

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

I have a beautiful assortment of the various styles and latest importations. It is a well known fact, and universally admitted, that

GREECH'S IS THE PLACE

to buy your goods. This can be, and is substantiated daily, by hundreds.

If you want Cassimeres Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Cotton and Linen Goods of all description, and

At Low Prices,

suitable for gentlemen, boys and children's wear, CREECH'S is the place to look for them.

Why, you may go up one side of Fayetteville Street and down the other; yes, and then the cross streets, and you will be bound to come to the conclusion that CREECH'S is the place you had better do your trading. If you want

LADIES' BONNETS,

trimmed or untrimmed, CREECH'S is the place to get them. If you wish to purchase any style of

LADIES, MISSES OR CHILDREN'S HATS,

don't buy until you have seen CREECH'S, or you will miss a great bargain, as he has one of the largest and most beautiful assortments in the City. If you are looking for

MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S HATS,

Ladies, Men and Children's Shoes, why if you stop at Creech's you will surely be suited in style, quality and price.

I told the people, some time ago, that there was no House in the City that could or would sell goods cheaper than I, and now I intend to keep my word. I said then what I meant, and now mean what I say, so don't fail to come to CREECH'S on R. Smith's corner.

A. CREECH,
April 8 Fayetteville Street.

NEW ARRIVALS.

Goods as LOW as they can be found in this latitude,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S,

No. 21 Fayetteville St.,

RALEIGH, N. C.

The Senior of this firm has been selling Goods for the last twenty years, in this market, and can say to our friends that, considering all things, he never had a

BETTER, NICER OR CHEAPER

STOCK OF GOODS

To offer them than they are now opening at their Store, No. 21 Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.
S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.
October 4, 1867—tf.

CLOTHING STORES.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Store.

EVERY ARTICLE necessary to a gentleman's complete outfit can be obtained of

R. B. ANDREWS & CO.,

CLOTHIERS,

OPPOSITE TUCKER HALL,

Raleigh, N. C.

June 4-tf

JUST RECEIVED!

FINE BLACK DRESS SUITS,

FINE BLACK ALPACA SACKS AND FROCKS,

A nice lot of very superior

WHITE MARSEILLES VESTS,

Very desirable in warm weather.

At

R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S.,
GENT'S FURNISHING STORE,
Opposite Tucker Hall,
June 4-tf Raleigh, N. C

JUST RECEIVED.

A NEW LOT OF

FINE DRESS SHIRTS,

All sizes. A perfect fit guaranteed in every instance.

All persons in want of such a luxury should call and supply themselves at once.

At

R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S.,
GENT'S OUTFITTING ESTABLISHMENT,
Opposite Tucker Hall.
June 4-tf Raleigh, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

P. F. PESCUD,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,

HAS REMOVED his office to his former Drug Store, where he will receive applications and issue Policies of Insurance against loss by Fire, at the lowest remunerative rates, in the following first-class Companies, viz:

Phœnix, of Hartford,
Atlantic, of Brooklyn,
Security, of New York,
Putnam, of Hartford,
Home, of New Haven,
Valley of Virginia, Winchester,
Jefferson, of Virginia, and
The Underwriter's, Selma, Ala.

Their combined Capital and Assets exceeding **$5,500,000.**
LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.
P. F. PESCUD,
Dec. 14—110-tf Ins. Agent.

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

LANDHOLDERS WHO WISH TO SELL

Agricultural or Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Mills, Town Lots, or Real Estate

of any kind, will find it to their advantage to place their property in our hands for sale.

We have great facilities for procuring purchasers for all such property.

For information, address
JNO. R. GRETTER,
General Agent,
Greensboro', N. C.
Or PHIL THIEM, Agent, Raleigh, N. C.
Oct. 31—72-tf

1868. 1868.

NEW ARRANGEMENT

FOR THE

SENTINEL.

Published in the City of Raleigh, N. C.,

Daily, Semi Weekly and Weekly.

Ordered to be Sent before the People.

William E. Pell, } Editors.
Seaton Gales, }

In view of the scarcity of money, and the severity of the times, the Proprietor of the SENTINEL has determined to reduce the terms of the paper, to commence after the 31st. DECEMBER, next, and to make such improvements in its general character as will commend it to the patronage of an enlightened public.

In POLITICS it will be thoroughly Conservative, advocating, at all times:

A strict observance of the Constitution of the United States, and the harmonious Union of equal States;

Obedience to law and the enforcement of order;

The supremacy of the civil over the military, in time of peace;

The equality of the three co-ordinate branches of the government;

The sovereignty of the States over their own internal affairs, in strict conformity to the Constitution;

The maintenance of freedom and justice to all, without distinction of color, but the supremacy of the white race as the governing class;

Opposition to Radicalism in all its phases.

As a NEWS journal, it shall be equal to any.

The principal markets will be regularly published.

Its LITERARY character shall be maintained and improved, by contributions from our best writers.

Finally, the SENTINEL will seek to be the special promoter of the educational, moral and economical interests of the people of North Carolina.

Terms:

Daily Sentinel, for one year		$8 00
" "	six months	4 00
" "	three months	2 00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel, for one year		4 00
" "	six months	2 00
" "	three months	1 00
Weekly "	for one year	2 00
" "	six months	1 00

All subscriptions strictly cash in advance.

As an advertising medium, the SENTINEL is equal to any in the State. Terms moderate.

☞ We ask every Conservative in the State to become our Agent to extend the circulation of the SENTINEL. The events of 1868 will be exciting and important. The WEEKLY SENTINEL should be in the hands of the great body of the people—The terms are now so low that every one will be able to pay for it.

W. E. PELL,
Raleigh, Jan. 1st., 1868. Proprietor

MISCELLANEOUS

1868, 1868.

SPRING TRADE.

TIN WARE AT WHOLESALE.

A LARGE LOT OF TIN WARE ON HAND and constantly making, which will be sold at NEW YORK PRICES!
Material good and workmanship unsurpassed.
The undersigned is conducting a NORTH CAROLINA ENTERPRISE, and asks the co-operation of Southern Merchants. He is, by availing himself of the best and most improved machinery, prepared to fill all orders for TIN WARE, and can make the supply equal to the demand.
Send me your orders. Satisfaction guaranteed.
I will take any kind of good produce in exchange for Tin Ware and particularly want, at best prices, **Rags, Beeswax, Old Copper and Brass** and will pay cash for same, when preferred.
Send for a Price List and compare with your Northern Bills—I WILL TRADE FAIR.
I will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of **Cooking Stoves, Buck's Patent** and others of best make, and will sell right.
E. H. FOGUE,
Feb 3-150-tf Hillsboro, N. C.

Guions' Separator and Horse Power.

JUST received at N. C. Depot, one more of those celebrated Machines, which will be sold, at Manufacturer's prices, either with or without the Power—freight only added. Call at once and secure it.

—ALSO—

In store Harman's **Steel Tooth Wheel Horse Rake** for 1868, and the Dixie Wheat Fan.
July 2-tf. JAMES M. TOWLES, Agent.

BOARD.

BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH,

At Reasonable Rates.

MY TABLE WILL BE SUPPLIED WITH the best the Market affords. No pains will be spared to render comfortable all who may favor me with a call.

TWO DOLLARS PER DAY

will be charged transient persons. A deduction for longer time.
Members of the approaching Legislature will do well to call, before engaging board elsewhere.
June 25-tf GEO. T. COOKE.

THE STAMP ACT.

One of the Tax Laws of the U. S.

Acknowledgment of Deeds, exempt.
Affidavit, 5 cents; in suit or legal proceedings, exempt.
Agreement or Appraisement, for each sheet or piece of paper on which the same is written, 5 cents
Assignment or Transfers, of Mortgage, lease or policy of insurance, the same duty as on the original instrument of patent right 5 cents.
Bank Checks, Drafts or Orders, &c., at sight or on demand, 2 cents.
Bills of Exchange, Inland drafts or orders payable otherwise than at sight or on demand, and all promissory note whatever, payable on demand or at a time designated [except bank notes issued for circulation, and checks made and intended to be, and which shall be forthwith presented for payment] for a sum not exceeding $100, 5 cents.
For every additional $100 or fractional part thereof, 5 cents.
Bills of Lading Vessels for the ports of the United States or British North America, exempt.
On receipt of goods on any foreign ports, 10 cts.
Bills of Sale of any vessel, or part thereof, when the consideration does not exceed £60, 50 cents.
Exceeding £60 and not exceeding £1,000, $1.
Exceeding one thousand dollars for each five hundred dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents
Of personal property, other than ship or vessel, Bond personal, for payment of money (see mortgage)—Official, 61.
For indemnifying any person for the payment of any sum of money, where the money ultimately recoverable thereupon is one thousand dollars or less, 50 cents.
Where the money recoverable exceeds one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents.
Bonds, county, city and town bonds, railroads and other corporation bonds and scrip, are subject to stamp duty. (See mortgage.) Of any description other than such as are required in legal proceedings, and such as are not otherwise charged in this schedule, 25 cents.
Certificates of deposit in bank, sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, 2 cents.
Of deposit in bank, sum exceeding one hundred dollars, 5 cents.
Of stock in an incorporated company, 25 cents.
General, 5 cents
Of a qualification of a Justice of the Peace, Commissioner of deeds or Notary public, 5 cents.
Of search of records, 5 cents.
That certain papers are on file, 5 cents.
That certain paper cannot be found 5 cents.
Of redemption of land sold for taxes 5 cents.
Of birth, marriage and death, 5 cents.
Of qualifications of school teachers, 5 cents
Of profits of an incorporated company, for a sum not less than ten dollars and not exceeding fifty dollars, 10 cents.
Exceeding fifty dollars and not exceeding one thousand dollars, 25 cents.
Exceeding one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand, or fractional part thereof, 25 cents.
Of damage or otherwise, and all other certificates or documents issued by any port warden, marine surveyor, or other person acting as such, 25 cents.
Certified Transcript of Judgments, satisfaction of judgments and of all papers recorded or on file, 5 cents.
Check, draft or order for the payment of any sum of money exceeding $10, drawn upon any person or other than a bank, banker or trust company, at sight or on demand, 2 cents.
Contract (See Agreement Brokers,) 10 cents.
Conveyance deed, instrument of writing, whereby lands, tenements, or other realty sold shall be conveyed, the actual value of which does not exceed $500, 50 cents.
Exceeding $500 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.
For every additional five hundred dollars, or fractional part thereof, in excess of one thousand dollars 50 cents.
Entry of any goods, wares or merchandise at any custom house, not exceeding one hundred dollars in value, 25 cents.
Exceeding one hundred dollars and not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 50 cents.
Exceeding five hundred dollars in value, $1.00
For the withdrawal of any goods or merchandise from bonded warehouse, 50 cents.
Gauger's return if for quantity not exceeding five hundred gallons gross, 10 cents
Exceeding 500 gallons, 25 cents.
Power of Attorney to sell or transfer stock, or collect dividends thereon, 25 cents.
To vote at an election of an incorporated company, 10 cents.
To receive or collect rents, 25 cents.
To sell, or convey, or rent, or lease real estate, $1.00
For any other purpose, 50 cents
Probate of will or letters of administration, where the value of both real and personal estate does not exceed $2,000, $1.00.
For every additional $2,000, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $2,000, 50 cents.
Bonds of executors, administrators, guardians and trustees, are each subjected to a stamp duty of $1,00.
Protest upon bill, note, check or draft, 25 cts.
Promissory, (See Bills of Exchange, inland.)
Renewal of, subject to same duty as original note
Receipt for the payment of any sum of money, or debt due exceeding twenty dollars, or for the delivery of any property, 2 cents.
Trust Deed made to secure a debt to be stamped as a mortgage conveying estate to uses, to be stamped as conveyances.
Warehouse Receipt for any goods, wares or merchandise, not otherwise provided for, deposited or stored in any public or private warehouse not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 10 cts
Exceeding five hundred and not exceeding one thousand dollars 20 cents.
Exceeding $1,000, for every $1,000 or fractional part thereof, in excess of $1,000, 10 cents.
For any goods, etc., not otherwise provided for, stored or deposited in any public or private warehouse or yard, 25 cents.
Writs or Legal Documents, writs or other legal process by which any suit is commenced in any court of record, either of law or equity, 50 cents
Writ or original process issued by a court not of record, where the amount claimed is $100 or over, 50.
Upon every confession of judgment or cognovit for $100 or over, except in cases where the tax for a writ has been paid, 50 cents.
Writ or other process, appeals from justices courts, or other courts of inferior jurisdiction, to a court of record, 50 cents.
Warrants of distress, when the amount of rent claimed does not exceed $100 25 cents.
When the amount exceeds $100, 50 cents.
Insurance, Marine, Inland and Fire. Where the consideration paid for the insurance, in cash premium notes, or both, does not exceed $10, 10 cents.
Exceeding ten dollars, and not exceeding fifty, 50 cents.
Insurance Life, when the amount insured does not exceed one thousand dollars, 25 cents.
Exceeding $1,000 and not exceeding $5,000 50 cts.
Exceeding $5,000, $1,00.
Lease of lands or tenements where the rents do not exceed $300 per annum, 50 cents.
Exceeding $300, for each additional $200, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $300, 50 cents.
Perpetual, subject to stamp duty as a "conveyance."
Clause of guaranty of payment of rent incorporated or endorsed, five cents additional.
Measurers' Return, if for quantity not exceeding one thousand bushels, 10 cents.
Exceeding 1,000 bushels, 25 cents.
Mortgage, trust deed, bill of sales, or personal bond for the payment of money exceeding $100 and not exceeding $500, 50 cents.
Exceeding $500, for every additional $500, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $500, 50 cents.
Pawner's Checks 5 cents.
Passage Ticket from the United States to any foreign port, costing not more than $35, 50 cents.
Costing more than $35, and not exceeding $50 $1.00
For every additional $50, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $50, $1.00.

GENERAL REMARKS.

Revenue stamps may be used indiscriminately upon any of the matters or things enumerated in Schedule B., except proprietary and playing card stamps, for which a special use has been provided.
Postage stamps cannot be used in payment of the duty chargeable on instruments.
It is the duty of the maker of an instrument to affix and cancel the stamp thereon. If he neglects to do so, the party for whom it is made, may stamp it before it is used; and if used after the 30th of July, 1864, and used without a stamp, it cannot afterwards be effectually stamped. Any failure upon the part of the maker of an instrument, to appropriately stamp it, renders him liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars.
Suits are commenced in many States by other process than writ, viz: summons, warrants, publication, &c., in which case these, as the original process, severally require stamps.
Writs of *scire facias* are subject to stamp duty as original process.
The jurat of an affidavit, taken before a Justice of the Peace, Notary Public, or other officer duly authorized to take affidavits, is held to be a certificate, and is subject to a stamp duty of five cents, except when taken in suits of legal proceedings.
Certificates of loan in which there shall appear any printed or written evidences of an amount of money to be paid on demand or at any time designated, are subject to stamp duty as Promissory Notes.
The assignment of a mortgage is subject to the same duty as that imposed upon the original instrument; that is to say, for every sum of five hundred dollars, or any fractional part thereof, of the amount secured by the mortgage, at time of its assignment, there must be affixed a stamp or stamps, denoting a duty of five cents.
When two or more persons join in the execution of an instrument, the stamps to which this instrument is liable, under the law, may be affixed and cancelled by one of the parties.
In conveyance of real estate, the law provides that the stamp affixed must answer to the value of the estate or interest conveyed.
No stamp is required on warrant of attorney accompanying a bond or note, when such bond or note has affixed thereto the stamp or stamps denoting the duty required, and whenever any bond or note is secured by mortgage, but one stamp duty is required on such papers, such stamp duty being the highest rates required for such instruments, or either of them. In such case a note or memorandum of the value or denomination of the stamp affixed should be made upon the margin or in the acknowledgment of the instrument which is not stamped.

THE FORTIETH CONGRESS.

The following is a full list of the members of both Houses of the Fortieth Congress, the Republican members being marked "r," and the opposition "d."

SENATE.

Benjamin F. Wade, r, of Ohio, President.
John W. Forney, r, of Penn., Secretary.

MAINE.	Term Expires	INDIANA.	Term Expires.
Lot M Morrill r	'69	T A Hendricks, d	'69
Wm P Fessenden, r	'71	Oliver Morton, r	'73
NEW HAMPSHIRE.		ILLINOIS	
Aaron H Cragin, r	'71	Richard Yates, r	'71
Jas W Patterson, r	'73	Lyman Trumbull, r	'73
VERMONT.		MICHIGAN.	
Geo F Edmunds, r	'65	Zach Chandler, r	'69
Justus S Morrill, r	'73	Jacob M Howard, r	'71
MASSACHUSETTS.		WISCONSIN.	
Charles Sumner, r	'69	T R Doolittle, d	'69
Henry Wilson, r	'73	Timothy O Howe, r	'73
RHODE ISLAND		MINNESOTA.	
William Sprague, r	'69	Alex Ramsey r	'69
Henry B Anthony, r	'71	Daniel S Norton, d	'71
CONNECTICUT.		IOWA.	
James Dixon, d	'69	James W Grimes, r	'71
Orris S Ferry, r	'73	James Harlan, r	'73
NEW YORK.		MISSOURI.	
Edwin D Morgan, r	'69	John B Henderson, r	'69
Roscoe Conkling, r	'73	Charles D Drake, r	'73
NEW JERSEY.		KANSAS.	
F T Frelinghuysen, r	'69	Edmund G Ross, r	'71
Alex G Cattell, r	'71	Samuel C Pomeroy, r	'73
PENNSYLVANIA.		NEBRASKA.	
C R Buckalew, d	'69	Thos W Tipton, r	'69
Simon Cameron, r	'73	John M Thayer, r	'71
DELAWARE.		NEVADA.	
Geo R Riddle, d	'69	Wm M Stewart, r	'69
Wm Saulsbury, d	'71	James W Nye, r	'71
MARYLAND.		CALIFORNIA.	
Reverdy Johnson, d	'69	John Conness, r	'69
—— Hamilton, d	——	Cornelius Cole, r	'71
WEST VIRGINIA.		OREGON.	
P G Van Winkle, r	'69	Ben H Williams, r	'71
Waitman T Willey, r	'71	Henry Corbett, r	'73
KENTUCKY.		*COLORADO.	
—— Mc Creery, d	——	John Evans, r	——
Garrett Davis, d	'73	Jerome B Chaffe, r	——
TENNESSEE.		*Not admitted.	
D T Patterson, d	'69		
Joseph S Fowler r	'71	RECAPITULATION.	
OHIO.		Republicans 44. Democrats and Conservatives, 16.	
Benjamin F Wade, r	'69		
John Sherman, r	'73		

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Schuyler Colfax, r, of Indiana, Speaker
Edward McPherson, r, of Pennsylvania, Clerk

MAINE.		Horace Maynard, r	
John Lynch, r		William B Stokes, r	
Sidney Perham, r		James Mullins r	
James G Blaine, r		John Trimble, r	
John A Peters, r		Samuel M Arnell r	
Frederick A Pike, r		Isaac R Hawkins, r	
NEW HAMPSHIRE.		David A Nunn, r	
Jacob H Ela, r		OHIO.	
Aaron F Stevens, r		Benjamin Eggleston, r	
Jacob Benton, r		Samuel F Carey r	
VERMONT.		Robt C Schenck, r	
P E Woodridge, r		Wm Lawrence, r	
Luke P Poland, r		Wm Mungen, d	
W C Smith, r		Reader W Clarke, r	
MASSACHUSETTS.		Samuel Shellabarger, r	
Thomas D Eliott, r		C S Hamilton, r	
Oakes Ames, r		Ralph P Buckland, r	
Ginery Twitchell, r		James M Ashley, r	
Samuel Hooper, r		John T Wilson, r	
Benjamin F Butler, r		Pailad Van Transp, d	
Nathaniel P Banks, r		George W Morgan, d	
George S Boutwell, r		Martin Walker, r	
John D Baldwin, r		Tobias A Plants, r	
Wm B Washburn, r		John A Bingham, r	
Henry L Dawes, r		Ephraim R Eckley, r	
RHODE ISLAND.		Rufus P Spaulding, r	
Thomas Jenckes, r		James A Garfield, r	
Nathan F Dixon, r		INDIANA.	
CONNECTICUT.		Wm E Niblack, d	
Richard D Hubbard, d		Michael C Kerr, d	
Julius Hotchkiss, d		Morton C Hunter, r	
H H Starkweather, r		Wm S Holman, d	
William H Barnum, d		George W Julian, r	
NEW YORK.		John Coburn, r	
Stephen Talor, d		H D Washburn, r	
Demas Barnes, d		Goodlove S Orth, r	
Wm E Robinson, d		Schuyler Colfax, r	
John Fox, d		John P C Shanks, r	
John Morrisey, d		ILLINOIS	
Thomas E Stewart, d		At large—J A Logan, r	
John W Chandler, d		Norman B Judd, r	
Jas Brooks, d		John F Farnsworth, r	
Fernando Wood, d		Elihu B Washburne, r	
Wm H Robertson, r		Abner C Harding, r	
Thomas R Van Wyck, r		Eben C Ingersoll, r	
John H Ketchum, r		Burton C Cook, r	
Thomas Cornell, r		H P Bromwell, r	
John V L Pruyn, d		Shelby M Cullom r	
John A Griswold, r		Lewis W Ross d	
Orange Ferris r		Albert G Burr, d	
Calvin T Hulburd, r		Samuel S Marshall, d	
James M Mervin, r		John Baker, r	
Wm C Fields, r		Green B Raum, r	
Addison H Laflin, r		MICHIGAN.	
Alex H Bailey, r		For C Beaman, r	
John C Churchill, r		Chas Upson, r	
Denis McCarthy, r		Austin Blair, r	
Theo M Pomeroy, r		Thos W Ferry, r	
Wm H Kelsey, r		B E Trowbridge, r	
Wm S Lincoln, r		Jno F Driggs, r	
Hamilton Ward, r		WISCONSIN.	
Lewis Selve, r		Halbert E Paine, r	
Burt Van Horn, r		Ben F Hopkins, r	
James M Murphy, d		Amasa Cobb, r	
Henry Van Aernam, r		Chas A Eldridge, d	
NEW JERSEY.		Philetus Sawyer, r	
Wm Moore, r		C C Washburne r	
Chas Haight, d		MINNESOTA.	
Chas Sitgreaves, d		Wm Windom, r	
John Hill, r		Ignatius Donnelly, r	
Geo A Halsey, r		IOWA.	
PENNSYLVANIA.		James F Wilson, r	
Samuel J Randall, d		Hiram Price, r	
Chas O'Neill, r		Wm B Allison, r	
Leonard Myers, r		Wm Loughbridge, r	
Wm D Kelley, r		George M Dodge, r	
Caleb N Taylor, r		Asahel W Hubbard, r	
Ben M Boyer, d		MISSOURI.	
Jno M Bromell, r		Wm A File, r	
Jno L Getz, d		Chas A Newcomb, r	
Thaddeus Stevens, r		Jas B McCormick, d	
Henry L Cake, r		Jos J Gravelly, r	
David M Van Auken, d		Jos W McClurg r	
Geo W Woodward, d		Robt T Van Horn, r	
Ulysses Mercer, r		Ben F Loan, r	
George F Miller, r		John F Benjamin, r	
A J Grosslusenner, d		George W Anderson, r	
Wm H Koontz, r		NEBRASKA.	
Daniel J Morrell, r		John Taffe, r	
Samuel F Wilson, r		NEVADA.	
Glenni W Scofield, r		Delos M Ashley, r	
Darwin A Finney, r		CALIFORNIA.	
John Covode, r		Samuel B